# **BroAPT**

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**Jarry Shaw** 

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**CHAPTER** 

ONE

## **QUICKSTART**

## 1.1 Installation

Installation of the BroAPT system is rather simple. Just clone the repository or download the tarball, then voilà, it's ready to go.

```
# from GitHub (active repository)
git clone https://github.com/JarryShaw/BroAPT.git
# or from GitLab (authentication required)
git clone https://gitlab.sjtu.edu.cn/bysj/2019bysj.git
```

## 1.2 Usage

## 1.2.1 broaptd Service

On Linux systems, you can register a System V service for broaptd, the main entrypoint of the BroAPT system, a.k.a the CLI of BroAPT-Daemon server.

**Important:** We suppose you're installing broaptd on a CentOS or similar distribution. For macOS binaries and Docker Compose, you may find them with darwin suffix.

For macOS services, you can register through the Launch Agent of macOS system. See <code>launchd(8)</code> and <code>launchd.plist(5)</code> for more information.

#### 0. Install the broaptd binary:

```
# from bundled implementation
sudo cp source/server/bin/broapt.linux /usr/local/bin/broaptd
# from cluster implementation
sudo cp cluster/daemon/bin/broapt.linux /usr/local/bin/broaptd
```

The binary is built using PyInstaller. Should you wish to build a suitable binary for your target system, please refer to the .spec files at source/server/spec/ (for bundled implementation) or cluster/daemon/spec/ (for cluster implementation).

1. Create a *dotenv* file named /etc/sysconfig/broaptd:

```
## daemon kill signal
BROAPT_KILL_SIGNAL=15 # TERM
```

```
## BroAPT-Daemon server
BROAPT_SERVER_HOST="127.0.0.1"
BROAPT_SERVER_PORT=5000
## path to BroAPT's docker-compose.yml
# for bundled implementation
BROAPT_DOCKER_COMPOSE="/path/to/broapt/source/docker/docker-compose.linux.yml"
# for cluster implementation
BROAPT_DOCKER_COMPOSE="/path/to/broapt/cluster/docker/docker-compose.linux.yml"
## path to extract files
BROAPT_DUMP_PATH="/path/to/extract/file/"
## path to log files
BROAPT_LOGS_PATH="/path/to/log/bro/"
## path to detection APIs
# for bundled implementation
BROAPT_API_ROOT="/path/to/broapt/source/client/include/api/"
# for cluster implementation
BROAPT_API_ROOT="/path/to/broapt/cluster/app/include/api/"
## path to API runtime logs
BROAPT_API_LOGS="/path/to/log/bro/api/"
## sleep interval
BROAPT_INTERVAL=10
## command retry
BROAPT_MAX_RETRY=3
```

2. Create a System V service file at /etc/systemd/system/broaptd.service (works on Ubuntu 18.04):

```
[Unit]
Description=BroAPT Daemon

[Service]
ExecStart=/usr/local/bin/broaptd --env /etc/sysconfig/broaptd
ExecReload=/usr/bin/kill -INT $MAINPID
Restart=always
RestartSec=60s

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

3. Reload daemon and enable broaptd service:

```
sudo systemctl daemon-reload sudo systemctl enable broaptd.service
```

You may wish to check if its running now:

```
sudo systemctl status broaptd.service
```

## 1.2.2 Docker Image

The BroAPT Docker images can be found on Docker Hub now.

- Bundled implementation: jsnbzh/broapt:latest
- Cluster implementation:
  - BroAPT-Core framework: jsnbzh/broapt:core
  - BroAPT-App framework: jsnbzh/broapt:app

## 1.2.3 Docker Compose

Even though the broaptd will already manage the Docker containers of the BroAPT system through Docker Compose, you might wish to check by yourself.

#### **Bundled Implementation**

For bundled implementation, there is only one Docker container service called broapt. You can refer to the Docker Compose file at source/docker/docker-compose.\${system}.yml.

#### **Cluster Implementation**

For cluster implementation, there are two Docker container services: core for the BroAPT-Core framework and app for the BroAPT-App framework. You can refer to the Docker Compose file at cluster/docker/docker-compose.\${system}.yml.

## 1.3 Repository Structure

```
/broapt/
 - LICENSE
                       # CC license
  - LICENSE.bsd
                       # BSD license
   cluster
                       # cluster (standalone) implementation
   docs
    - broaptd.8
                     # manual for BroAPT-Daemon
     thesis.pdf
                       # Bachelor's Thesis
   gitlab
                       # GitLab submodule
    └─ ...
   source
                       # bundled (all-in-one) implementation
   └─ ...
  vendor
                       # vendors, archives & dependencies
   └ ...
```

## CONFIGURATIONS

As discussed in previous sections, the BroAPT system is configurable in various ways. You can configure the outer system from the entry CLI of BroAPT-Daemon server, and the main framework through Docker Compose environment variables.

## 2.1 BroAPT-Daemon Server

#### 2.1.1 Command Line Interface

```
usage: broaptd [-h] [-v] [-e ENV] [-s SIGNAL] [-t HOST] [-p PORT]
               [-f DOCKER_COMPOSE] [-d DUMP_PATH] [-1 LOGS_PATH] [-r API_ROOT]
               [-a API_LOGS] [-i INTERVAL] [-m MAX_RETRY]
BroAPT Daemon
optional arguments:
 -h, --help
                      show this help message and exit
 -v, --version
                      show program's version number and exit
environment arguments:
 -e ENV, --env ENV
                       path to dotenv file
 -s SIGNAL, --signal SIGNAL
                       daemon kill signal
server arguments:
 -t HOST, --host HOST the hostname to listen on
 -p PORT, --port PORT the port of the webserver
compose arguments:
 -f DOCKER_COMPOSE, --docker-compose DOCKER_COMPOSE
                       path to BroAPT's compose file
 -d DUMP_PATH, --dump-path DUMP_PATH
                       path to extracted files
 -1 LOGS_PATH, --logs-path LOGS_PATH
                       path to log files
API arguments:
 -r API_ROOT, --api-root API_ROOT
                       path to detection APIs
 -a API_LOGS, --api-logs API_LOGS
                       path to API runtime logs
```

```
runtime arguments:
-i INTERVAL, --interval INTERVAL
sleep interval
-m MAX_RETRY, --max-retry MAX_RETRY
command retry
```

### 2.1.2 Environment Variables

As suggests in the --env option, you may provice a *dotenv* (.env) file for the BroAPT-Daemon server to configure itself.

Acceptable environment variables are as following:

```
BROAPT_KILL_SIGNAL
```

```
Type int
```

Default 15 (SIGTERM)

CLI Option -s/--signal

Daemon kill signal.

#### BROAPT\_SERVER\_HOST

```
Type str (hostname)
```

**Default** 0.0.0.0

CLI Option -t/--host

The hostname to listen on.

#### BROAPT\_SERVER\_PORT

```
Type int (port number)
```

Default 5000

**CLI Option** -p/--port

The port of the webserver.

#### BROAPT\_DOCKER\_COMPOSE

```
Type str (path)
```

Default docker-compose.yml

CLI Option -f/--docker-compose

Path to BroAPT's compose file.

#### BROAPT\_DUMP\_PATH

```
Type str (path)
```

Default None

CLI Option -d/--dump-path

Path to extracted files.

#### BROAPT\_LOGS\_PATH

Type str (path)

Default None

**CLI Option** -1/--logs-path

Path to log files.

## BROAPT\_API\_ROOT

Type str (path)

Default None

CLI Option -r/--api-root

Path to detection APIs.

#### BROAPT\_API\_LOGS

Type str (path)

Default None

**CLI Option** -a/--api-logs

Path to API runtime logs.

#### BROAPT\_INTERVAL

Type float

**Default** 10

CLI Option -i/--interval

Sleep interval.

## BROAPT\_MAX\_RETRY

Type int

**Default** 3

CLI Option -m/--max-retry

Command retry.

**Note:** Environment variables of bool type will be translated through the following mapping table (case-insensitive):

True	False
1	0
yes	no
true	false
on	off

## 2.2 BroAPT-Core Framework

The BroAPT-Core framework only supports configuration through environment variables.

#### BROAPT\_CPU

Type int

Default None

Availability bundled implementation

Number of BroAPT concurrent processes for PCAP analysis. If not provided, then the number of system CPUs will be used.

#### BROAPT\_CORE\_CPU

Type int

Default None

Availability cluster implementation

See also:

BROAPT\_CPU

#### BROAPT INTERVAL

Type float

Default 10

Availability bundled implementation

Wait interval after processing current pool.

#### BROAPT\_CORE\_INTERVAL

Type float

**Default** 10

Availability cluster implementation

Wait interval after processing current pool of PCAP files.

#### BROAPT\_DUMP\_PATH

Type str (path)

Default FileExtract::prefix (Bro script)

Path to extracted files.

#### BROAPT\_PCAP\_PATH

Type str (path)

Default /pcap/

Path to source PCAP files.

## BROAPT\_LOGS\_PATH

Type str (path)

Default /var/log/bro/

Path to system logs.

#### BROAPT\_MIME\_MODE

Type bool

Default True

If group extracted files by MIME type.

#### BROAPT\_JSON\_MODE

Type bool

Default LogAscii::use\_json (Bro script)

Toggle Bro logs in JSON or ASCII format.

#### BROAPT\_BARE\_MODE

Type bool

Default False

Run Bro in bare mode (don't load scripts from the base/ directory).

#### BROAPT\_NO\_CHKSUM

Type bool

Default True

Ignore checksums of packets in PCAP files when running Bro.

#### BROAPT\_HASH\_MD5

Type bool

Default False

Calculate MD5 hash of extracted files.

## BROAPT\_HASH\_SHA1

Type bool

Default False

Calculate SHA1 hash of extracted files.

#### BROAPT\_HASH\_SHA256

Type bool

Default False

Calculate SHA256 hash of extracted files.

#### BROAPT\_X509\_MODE

Type bool

Default False

Include X509 information when running Bro.

#### BROAPT\_ENTROPY\_MODE

Type bool

Default False

Include file entropy information when running Bro.

#### BROAPT LOAD MIME

```
Type List[str] (case-insensitive)
```

Default None

A, or; separated string of MIME types to be extracted.

#### BROAPT LOAD PROTOCOL

```
Type List[str] (case-insensitive)
```

Default None

A , or ; separated string of application layer protocols to be extracted, can be any of dtls, ftp, http, irc and smtp.

#### BROAPT\_FILE\_BUFFER

```
Type int (uint64)
```

**Default** Files::reassembly\_buffer\_size (Bro script)

Reassembly buffer size for file extraction.

#### BROAPT\_SIZE\_LIMIT

```
Type int (uint64)
```

Default FileExtract::default\_limit (Bro script)

Size limit of extracted files.

#### BROAPT HOOK CPU

Type int

Default 1

Number of BroAPT concurrent processes for Python hooks.

## 2.3 BroAPT-App Framework

The BroAPT-App framework only supports configuration through environment variables.

#### BROAPT\_SCAN\_CPU

Type int

Default None

Availability bundled implementation

Number of BroAPT concurrent processes for extracted file analysis. If not provided, then the number of system CPUs will be used.

#### BROAPT\_APP\_CPU

Type int

Default None

Availability cluster implementation

#### See also:

BROAPT\_SCAN\_CPU

#### BROAPT\_INTERVAL

Type float

**Default** 10

Availability bundled implementation

Wait interval after processing current pool.

#### BROAPT\_APP\_INTERVAL

Type float

**Default** 10

Availability cluster implementation

Wait interval after processing current pool of extracted files.

#### BROAPT\_MAX\_RETRY

Type int

**Default** 3

Retry times for failed commands.

#### BROAPT\_API\_ROOT

Type str (path)

Default /api/

Path to the API root folder.

## BROAPT\_API\_LOGS

Type str (path)

**Default** /var/log/bro/api/

Path to API detection logs.

## BROAPT\_NAME\_HOST

Type str (hostname)

Default localhost

Hostname of BroAPT-Daemon server.

## BROAPT\_NAME\_PORT

Type int (port number)

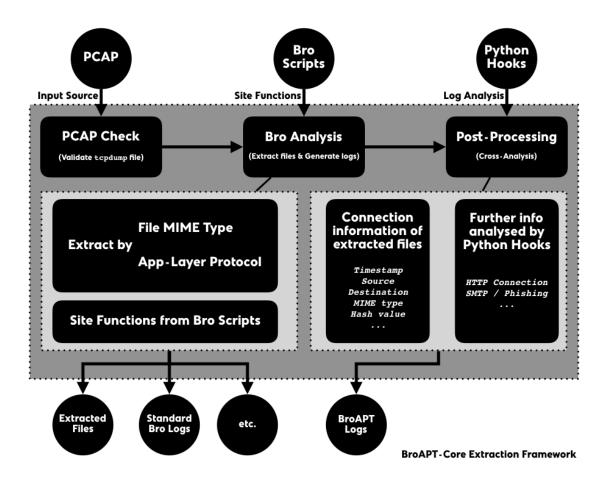
Default 5000

Port number of BroAPT-Daemon server.

## INTERNAL FRAMEWORKS

## 3.1 BroAPT-Core Extration Framework

The BroAPT-Core framework processes PCAP files, extracts files transferred through traffic contained in the PCAP files, and perform analysis to the log files generated by Bro scripts.



- 0. When the BroAPT-Core framework first reads in a new PCAP file, it will validate if it's a valid topdump (topdump (1)) format file, through libmagic (libmagic (3)).
- 1. If validated, the BroAPT-Core framework will utilise the Bro IDS to perform analysis upon the PCAP file, extracting files and generating logs.

When extracting, you may toggle through *environment variables* to configure which MIME types and/or what application layer protocol files transferred with should be extracted.

Also, site functions from user-defined Bro scripts will be loaded and executed at the same time.

This step will produce extracted files and standard Bro logs, as well as extra artefacts elevated through the site functions.

2. Later, the BroAPT-Core framework will perform post-processing, a.k.a. cross-analysis, upon the logs generated in previous step.

By default, the BroAPT-Core framework will gather connection information of the extracted files from the Bro logs (files.log). Some other analysis will also be performed as defined in the Python hooks.

The result of analysis will be elevated as BroAPT logs.

## 3.1.1 Custom Bro Scripts

In the BroAPT system, you can customise your own Bro script. The BroAPT-Core framework will load those scripts when running Bro IDS to process PCAP files.

User defined Bro scripts will be mapped into the Docker container at runtime. The directory structure would be as following:

```
/broapt/scripts/
   # load FileExtraction module
     _load__.bro
   # configurations
   config.bro
   # MIME-extension mappings
  file-extensions.bro
   # protocol hooks
  - hooks/
       # extract DTLS
       extract-dtls.bro
       # extract FTP_DATA
       extract-ftp.bro
       # extract HTTP
       extract-http.bro
       # extract IRC_DATA
       extract-irc.bro
       # extract SMTP
       extract-smtp.bro
   # core logic
   main.bro
   # MIME hooks
   plugins/
       # extract all files
       extract-all-files.bro
       # extract APK
       extract-application-vnd-android-package-archive.bro
       # extract PDF
       extract-application-pdf.bro
       # extract PE
       extract-application-vnd-microsoft-portable-executable.bro
       # extract by BRO_MIME
      extract-white-list.bro
   # site functions by user
```

```
# load site functions
— __load__.bro
__...
```

where extract-application-vnd-android-package-archive.bro, extract-application-pdf.bro and extract-application-vnd-microsoft-portable-executable.bro are Bro scripts generated automatically by the BroAPT-Core framework based on the BROAPT\_LOAD\_MIME environment vairable.

**Important:** The BROAPT\_LOAD\_MIME supports UNIX *shell-*like pattern matching, c.f. fnmatch module from Python.

And /broapt/scripts/sites/ are mapped from the host machine, which includes the Bro scripts defined by user. You may include your scripts into the BroAPT-Core framework by loading (@load) them in the /broapt/scripts/sites/\_\_load\_\_.bro file.

At the moment, we have six sets of Bro scripts included in the distribution.

#### **Common Constants**

In the BroAPT system, it predefines many constants of common protocols and systems, such as FTP commands, HTTP methods, etc. We used crawlers to fetch relevant data from the IANA registry, generate and/or update Bro constants, such as HTTP::header\_names for HTTP headers fields.

#### **HTTP Cookies**

The script utilised http\_header event, and extends the builtin http.log record object HTTP::Info with data from the COOKIE header.

#### **Unknown HTTP Headers**

As defined in RFC 2616 and RFC 7230, and registered in IANA, there're a list of known HTTP headers. However, customised headers may be introduced when implementation. Such unknown headers may contain significant information about the HTTP traffic. Therefore, the script utilised http\_header event and search for unknown headers, i.e. not included in HTTP::header\_names, then record them in the http.log files.

#### HTTP POST Data

As RFC 2616 suggests, we can utilise the data sent from POST command to analyse information about outbound traffic. The script utilised http\_entity\_data event, and save the POST data to http.log files.

#### **Calculate Hash Values**

Hash value of files can be used to detect malware. The script utilised file\_new event, calculated and saved the hash values of files transferred in the files.log file.

### **SMTP Phishing Detect**

Since files transferred through SMTP traffic are not easy to gather and detect phishing information. We introduced two Bro modules to perform such detection on the SMTP traffic.

#### A. Phishing Module

The Phishing module mainly provides mass scam emails; phishing email detection based on Levenshtein distance of sender address. It will elevate a phishing\_link.log log file, containing such malicious connections and URLs.

#### B. Phish Module

Primary scope of these bro policies is to give more insights into smtp-analysis esp to track phishing events.

This is a subset of phish-analysis repo and doesn't use any backed postgres database. So relieves the user from postgres dependency while getting basic phishing detection up and running very quickly.

## 3.1.2 Custom Python Hooks

In the BroAPT system, you can customise your own Python hooks for cross-analysis to the log files. The BroAPT-Core framework will call such registered hooks on each set of log files generacted from a PCAP file after processing of Bro.

#### See also:

Log analysis and generation can be done through the ZLogging project, which provides both loading and dumping interface to the processing of Bro logs in an elegant Pythonic way.

User defined Bro scripts will be mapped into the Docker container at runtime. The directory structure would be as following:

```
/broapt/python/
   # setup PYTHONPATH
     _init___.py
   # entry point
     _main__.py
   # config parser
   cfgparser.py
   # Bro script composer
   compose.pv
   # global constants
   const.py
   # Bro log parser
  logparser.py
   # BroAPT-Core logic
   process.py
   # multiprocessing support
   remote.py
```

where /broapt/python/sites/ is mapped from the host machine, which includes user-defined site customisation Python hooks.

You can register your own hooks in the /broapt/python/sites/\_\_init\_\_.py, by importing (import) them and add them to the HOOK and/or EXIT registry lists.

In the HOOK registry, each registered hook function will be called after a PCAP file is processed by the Bro IDS, and perform analysis on the logs generated from the PCAP file.

**Note:** The hook function will be called with **ONE** argument, log\_name, a string (str) representing the folder name to the target logs.

In the EXIT registry, each registered hook function will be called before the main process of the BroAPT-Core framework exits.

**Note:** The hook function will be called with **NO** argument.

At the moment, we have bundled two sets of Python hooks in the system.

#### **Extracted File Information**

Through conn.log and files.log, the BroAPT system generates a new log file for information of extracted files, which includes the timestamp, source and destination IP addresses of the transport layer connection (TCP/UDP) transferring the file, MIME type of the file, as well as hash values, see below:

Field Name	Bro Type	Description
timestamp	float	Connection timestamp
log_uuid	string	UUID of source logs
log_path	string	Absolute path to source logs (in Docker container)
log_name	string	Relative path to source logs
dump_path	string	Absolute path to extracted file (in Docker container)
local_name	string	Relative path to extracted file
source_name	string	Original filename (if present)
hosts	vector	Transferrer and receiver
conns	vector	Source and destination IP addresses and ports
bro_mime_type	string	MIME type probed by Bro IDS
real_mime_type	string	MIME type detected by libmagic
hash	table	Hash values (MD5, SHA1 and SHA256)

The equivalent ZLogging data model can be declared as following:

```
class ExtractedFiles(Model):
   timestamp = FloatType()
   log_uuid = StringType()
   log_path = StringType()
   dump_path = StringType()
   local_name = StringType()
   source_name = StringType()
   hosts = VectorType(element_type=RecordType(
       tx=AddrType(),
       rx=AddrType(),
   ))
    conns = VectorType(element_type=RecordType(
       src_h=AddrType(),
        src_p=PortType(),
       dst_h=AddrType(),
        dst_p=PortType(),
   ))
   bro_mime_type = StringType()
    real_mime_type = StringType()
   hash = RecordType(
       md5=StringType(),
       sha1=StringType(),
        sha256=StringType(),
    )
```

#### **HTTP Connection Information**

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Through analysis upon http.log, the BroAPT system elevated a new log file with more concentrated information about HTTP connections. Such log file contains all HTTP connections from every processed PCAP file, and can be used for further analysis based on *big data*.

Field Name	Bro Type	Description
srcip	addr	Client IP address
ts	float	Request timestamp (microseconds)
url	string	Requests URL path
ref	string	Referer header of the request (base64 encoded)
ua	string	User-Agent header of the request (base64 encoded)
dstip	addr	Server IP address
cookie	string	Cookie header of the request (base64 encoded)
src_port	port	Client port
json	vector	Unregistered HTTP header fields (JSON encoded)
method	string	HTTP method
body	string	POST body data (base64 encoded)

The equivalent ZLogging data model can be declared as following (with type annotations):

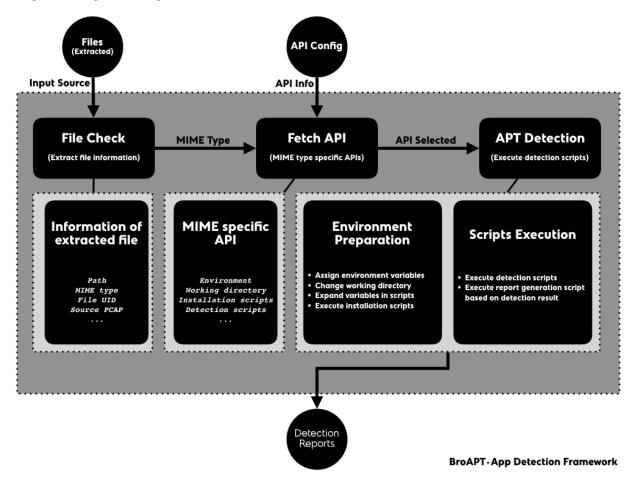
```
class HTTPConnections(Model):
    srcip: bro_addr
    ts: bro_float
    url: bro_string
    ref: bro_string
    ua: bro_string
    dstip: bro_addr
```

cookie: bro\_string src\_port: bro\_port json: bro\_vector[bro\_string]

method: bro\_string body: bro\_string

## 3.2 BroAPT-App Detection Framework

The BroAPT-App framework processes extracted files, perform malware detection upon those files with detection API configured through the configuration file.



0. The BroAPT-App framework fetches basic information about the extracted file, including file path, MIME type, file UID, source PCAP file, etc.

Each file extracted, since it will be named after:

```
PROTOCOL-FUID-MIMETYPE.EXT
```

with such pattern, the BroAPT-App framework will generate an Entry to represent the information of the target file, e.g. for a extracted file named:

```
application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument/HTTP-F3Df5B3z9UI3yi5J03.application.

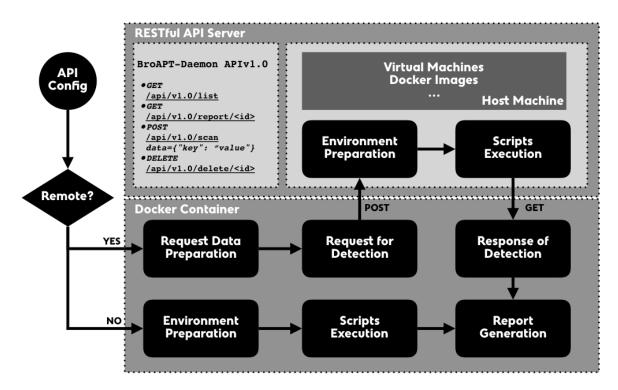
→msword.docx
```

the BroAPT-App framework will generate the Entry object as following:

```
Entry(
    path='application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument/HTTP-F3Df5B3z9UI3yi5J03.
    application.msword.docx',
    uuid='F3Df5B3z9UI3yi5J03',
    mime=MIME(
        media_type='application',
        subtype='msword',
        name='application/msword'
    )
)
```

- 1. Based on the MIME type, the BroAPT-App framework will obtain MIME specific detection API for the extracted file.
- 2. The BroAPT-App framework will then start detecting the extracted file based on the specification described in the API.

When detection, as the Docker container may not be capable of such action, the BroAPT-App framework may request the BroAPT-Daemon server to *remote* detect the extracted file.



**BroAPT Client-Server Detection Framework** 

The BroAPT-Daemon server is a RESTful API server implemented using Flask microframework. At the moment it supports following APIs:

URI Routing		HTTP Method	Description
/api/v1.0/list		GET	Query detection listing
/api/v1.0/report/ <id></id>		GET	Query detection report
/api/v1.0/scan data={"key":	"value"}	POST	Request remote detection
/api/v1.0/delete/ <id></id>		DELETE	Delete detection record

## 3.2.1 MIME Specific API Configuration

In the BroAPT-App framework, we used an API configuration file to provide the BroAPT system with MIME specific detection mechanism. The configuration file is written in YAML, inspired by Docker Compose and Travis CI.

The directory structure of API configuration file and its related files are as below:

```
/api/
   # API configuration file
  - api.yml
   # MIME: application/*
  - application/
   └─ ...
   # MIME: audio/*
   audio/
   # default API
   example/
   └ ...
   # MIME: font/*
  font/
   └ ...
   # MIME: image/*
  - image/
   └ ...
   # MIME: message/*
  - message/
   └ ...
   # MIME: model/*
   model/
   └─ ...
   # MIME: multipart/*
  - multipart/
   └ ...
   # MIME: text/*
  - text/
   # MIME: video/*
   video/
```

The <code>/api/</code> folder will be mapped into the Docker container at runtime and the <code>/api/api.yml</code> is the exact API configuration file. The API for <code>example</code> MIME type is the default fallback detection method for those with NO existing detection API configured.

In the configuration file, you can specify global environment variables under the environment key:

```
API_ROOT: ${BROAPT_API_ROOT}
# Python 3.6
PYTHON36: /usr/bin/python3.6
# Python 2.7
PYTHON27: /usr/bin/python
# Shell/Bash
SHELL: /bin/bash
```

And for a certain MIME, e.g. PDF files (MIME is application/pdf), the configuration should be as following:

```
application:
 pdf:
   remote: false
    # default working directory is ``/api/application/pdf/`
    # now changed to ``/api/application/pdf/pdf_analysis``
   workdir: pdf_analysis
    environ:
      ENV_FOO: 1
     ENV_BAR: cliche
    install:
      - apt-get update
      - apt-get install -y python python-pip
      - ${PYTHON27} -m pip install -r requirements.txt
      - rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*
      - apt-get remove -y --auto-remove python-pip
      - apt-get clean
    scripts:
      - ${PYTHON27} detect.py [...]
    report: ${PYTHON27} report.py
```

**Note:** *Shell*-like globing is now supported for MIME types, you may specify an API using application/vnd. ms-\*, which will be used for both application/vnd.ms-excel and application/ms-powerpoint.

In the configuration file, the report key is mandatory.

If set remote key as true, the BroAPT-App framework will request the BroAPT-Daemon server to perform *remote* detection.

And if an API configuration is shared by multiple MIME types, you should set shared key as true, so that the API would be *process-safe* at runtime.

After parsing through the cfgparser.parse() function, the API configuration above will be represented as:

```
API(
    workdir='pdf_analysis',
    environ={
        'API_ROOT': '${BROAPT_API_ROOT}',
        'PYTHON36': '/usr/bin/python3.6',
        'PYTHON27': '/usr/bin/python',
        'SHELL': '/bin/bash',
        'ENV_FOO': '1',
        'ENV_BAR': 'cliche'
    },
    install=[
        'apt-get update',
```

```
'apt-get install -y python python-pip',
    '$\{PYTHON27\} -m pip install -r requirements.txt',
    'rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*',
    'apt-get remove -y --auto-remove python-pip',
    'apt-get clean'
],
scripts=[
    '$\{PYTHON27\} detect.py [...]',
    ...
],
report='$\{PYTHON27\} report.py',
remote=\forall se,
shared='application/pdf',
inited=<Synchronized wrapper for c_ubyte(0)>,
locked=<Lock(owner=unknown)>
)
```

- API.inited is to mark if the installation process had been run successfully.
- API. shared is to mark if the configuration is shared by multiple MIME types.
- API.locked is to mark if the process is locked to prevent resource competition.

At runtime, if the BroAPT-App framework is to detect a file at /dump/application/pdf/test.pdf, the main procedure is as follows:

0. Set environment variables:

```
API_ROOT="/api/"
PYTHON36="/usr/bin/python3.6"
PYTHON27="/usr/bin/python"
SHELL="/bin/bash"
ENV_FOO=1
ENV_BAR="cliche"
BROAPT_PATH="/dump/application/pdf/test.pdf"
BROAPT_MIME="application/pdf"
```

- 1. Change the current working directory to /api/application/pdf/pdf\_analysis.
- 2. If the API.inited is now False, which means the installation process is **NOT** yet performed, then acquire API.locked and execute the commands:

```
apt-get update
apt-get install -y python python-pip
python -m pip install -r requirements.txt
rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*
apt-get remove -y --auto-remove python-pip
apt-get clean
```

afterwards, toggle API.inited to True and release API.locked.

3. Execute detection commands:

```
/usr/bin/python detect.py [...]
```

4. Once finished, execute report generation script /usr/bin/python report.py.

## 3.2.2 Integrated Detection Services

At the moment, the BroAPT system had integrated six detection solusions.

#### **Default Detection powered by VirusTotal**

VirusTotal aggregates many antivirus products and online scan engines to check for viruses that the user's own antivirus may have missed, or to verify against any false positives.

As mentioned above, the example MIME type is the default fallback detection mechanism in case of missing configuration. The configuration is as below:

```
example:
    environ:
        ## sleep interval
        VT_INTERVAL: 30
        ## max retry for report
        VT_RETRY: 10
        ## percentage of positive threshold
        VT_PERCENT: 50
        ## VT API key
        VT_API: ...
        ## path to VT file scan reports
        VT_LOG: /var/log/bro/tmp/
        report: ${PYTHON36} virustotal.py
```

## Android APK Detection powered by AndroPyTool

AndroPyTool is a tool for extracting static and dynamic features from Android APKs. It combines different well-known Android apps analysis tools such as DroidBox, FlowDroid, Strace, AndroGuard or VirusTotal analysis. Provided a source directory containing APK files, AndroPyTool applies all these tools to perform pre-static, static and dynamic analysis and generates files of features in JSON and CSV formats and also allows to save all the data in a MongoDB database.

AndroPyTool is configured for detection of APK files, whose MIME type is application/vnd.android.package-archive in IANA registry. The configuration is as below:

```
application:
    vnd.android.package-archive:
        remote: true
    workdir: AndroPyTool
    environ:
        APK_LOG: /home/traffic/log/bro/tmp/
    install:
        - docker pull alexmyg/andropytool
    report: ${SHELL} detect.sh
```

Since the environment configuration of AndroPyTool is much too complex, we directly used its official Docker image for detection. Therefore, the AndroPyTool is called through *remote* detection mechanism, i.e. BroApt-Daemon server performs detection using AndroPyTool Docker image on APK files then send the report back to BroAPT-App framework for records.

#### Office Document Detection powered by MaliciousMacroBot

MaliciousMacroBot is to provide a powerful malicious file triage tool for cyber responders; help fill existing detection gaps for malicious office documents, which are still a very prevalent attack vector today; deliver a new avenue for threat intelligence, a way to group similar malicious office documents together to identify phishing campaigns and track use of specific malicious document templates.

MaliciousMacroBot is configured for detecting Office files, which is a document type based on XML, such as Microsoft Office and OpenOffice. The MIME types of such documents include application/msword, application/ms-excel, application/vnd.ms-powerpoint and application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument.\*, etc. The configuration is as below:

```
application:
  vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument.*: &officedocument
  workdir: ${API_ROOT}/application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument/
  environ:
    MMB_LOG: /var/log/bro/tmp/
    install:
        - yum install -y git
        - git clone https://github.com/egaus/MaliciousMacroBot.git
        - ${PYTHON36} -m pip install ./MaliciousMacroBot/
        - yum clean -y all
    report: ${PYTHON36} MaliciousMacroBot-detect.py
    shared: officedocument
    msword: *officedocument
    vnd.ms-excel: *officedocument
    vnd.ms-powerpoint: *officedocument
    vnd.ms-powerpoint: *officedocument
    vnd.ms-powerpoint: *officedocument
    vnd.ms-powerpoint: *officedocument
```

**Note:** As you may have noticed here, the configured MIME types detected by MaliciousMacroBot has a \* globing syntax, such shall be matched using *shell*-like globing mechanism.

As the Malicious MacroBot detection method is shared by multiple MIME types, we set the shared key in the API to an identifier for the detection method, so that at runtime, such detection method will be *process-safe*.

#### **Linux ELF Detection powered by ELF Parser**

ELF Parser is designed for static ELF analysis. It can quickly determine the capabilities of an ELF binary through static analysis, then discover if the binary is known malware or a possible threat without ever executing the file.

ELF Parser is configured for the ELF file (MIME type: application/x-executable only. The configuration is as below:

```
application:
    x-executable:
    ## ELF Parser
    remote: true
    environ:
        ELF_LOG: /home/traffic/log/bro/tmp/
        ELF_SCORE: 100
    workdir: ELF-Parser
    install:
        - docker build --tag elfparser:1.4.0 --rm .
    report: ${SHELL} detect.sh
```

#### Common Linux Malware Detection powered by LMD

Linux Malware Detect (LMD) is a malware scanner for Linux, that is designed around the threats faced in shared hosted environments. It uses threat data from network edge intrusion detection systems to extract malware that is actively being used in attacks and generates signatures for detection. In addition, threat data is also derived from user submissions with the LMD checkout feature and from malware community resources. The signatures that LMD uses are MD5 file hashes and HEX pattern matches, they are also easily exported to any number of detection tools such as ClamAV.

LMD is configured for various common file types. The configuration is as below:

```
application:
  octet-stream: &lmd
    ## LMD
    workdir: ${API_ROOT}/application/octet-stream/LMD
     LMD_LOG: /var/log/bro/tmp/
    install:
      - yum install -y git which
      - test -d ./linux-malware-detect/ ||
        git clone https://github.com/rfxn/linux-malware-detect.git
      - ${SHELL} install.sh
    report: ${SHELL} detect.sh
    shared: linux-maldet
text:
  html: *lmd
  x-c: *lmd
  x-perl: *lmd
  x-php: *lmd
```

## Malicious JavaScript Detection powered by JaSt

JaSt is a low-overhead solution that combines the extraction of features from the abstract syntax tree with a random forest classifier to detect malicious JavaScript instances. It is based on a frequency analysis of specific patterns, which are either predictive of benign or of malicious samples. Even though the analysis is entirely static, it yields a high detection accuracy of almost 99.5% and has a low false-negative rate of 0.54%.

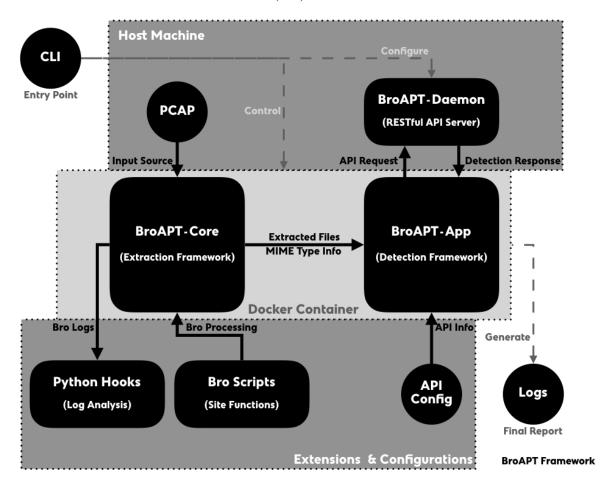
JaSt as is dedicated for javaScript files. The configuration is as below:

```
application:
  javascript: &javascript
    workdir: ${API_ROOT}/application/javascript/JaSt
      JS_LOG: /var/log/bro/tmp/
    install:
      - yum install -y epel-release
      - yum install -y git nodejs
      - test -d ./JaSt/ ||
        git clone https://github.com/Aurore54F/JaSt.git
      - ${PYTHON3} -m pip install
          matplotlib
          plotly
          numpy
          scipy
          scikit-learn
          pandas
```

```
- ${PYTHON3} ./JaSt/clustering/learner.py
--d ./sample/
--l ./lables/
--md ./models/
--mn broapt-jast
scripts:
- ${PYTHON3} ./JaSt/clustering/classifier.py
--f ${BROAPT_PATH}
--m ./models/broapt-jast
report: ${PYTHON3} detect.py
shared: javascript

text:
javascript: *javascript
```

The BroAPT system is generally designed in two main parts, as we described in the *introduction*, the core functions and the daemon server with its command line interface (CLI).



On the host machine, the BroAPT-Daemon server runs as a manager of the BtoAPT system, which watches the running status of underlying BroAPT core functions, i.e. BroAPT-Core and BroAPT-App frameworks, as well as perform *remote* detection upon API requests from detection framework.

In the docker containers, the BroAPT-Core and BroAPT-App frameworks perform the core functions of BroAPT system. They analyse source PCAP files and extract files transferred through the traffic with Bro IDS, then detect the extracted files based on MIME type specifically configured APT detection methods.

BroAPT-Core (Bro Processing)

Read PCAP

BroAPT-Daemon

Remote Detection
(per request)

Request to server

Response from server

Malware Detection
(per file)

Queue for extracted files

Log Analysis
(per hook)

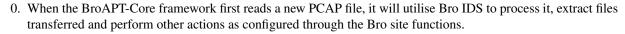
The general process of processing is as following:

**Bro Processing** 

(per PCAP)

**Files** 

Extracted



Logs

Generated

Queue for generated logs

Detection

Requested (Optional)

- 1. As files had been extracted, the BroAPT-App framework will perform malware detection on each file. If *remote* detection configured, it will send an API request to the BroAPT-Daemon server, and wait for its detection report.
- 2. At the same time, once the Bro processing had finished, the BroAPT-Core framework will start processing the generated logs, and perform extra analysis over the Bro log files as specified by the Python hooks.
- 3. When the BroAPT-Daemon receives an API request, it will perform malware detection as described in the request, and send the detection report back to the BroAPT-App framework.

## 3.3 Implementation Details

In first draft design, the BroAPT system was implemented in a cluster manner, comparing to current bundled distribution, i.e. the BroAPT-Core framework and BroAPT-App framework are two separate Docker containers. However, two implementation manners are both maintained at the moment.

**Note:** In the documentation, we normally refer to bundled implementation when talking about the BroAPT system internal implementation details.

Time

Detection

Response (Optional)

**BroAPT Multiprocessing Framework** 

Through internal module name may vary between two implementations, the main implementation source codes is, nevertheless, identical in both implementations.

## 3.3.1 Cluster Implementation

**Note:** For source codes, please go to /source/ folder.

In the cluster implementation, the BroAPT-Core framework is running in a CentOS 7 container, as the then-latest version of Bro IDS (version 2.6.1) was only available through RPM binary; whilst the BroAPT-App framework is running is in an Ubuntu 16.04 container, with better compatibility for detection tools.

The communication between two frameworks is archived through file system temporary listing files.

## 3.3.2 Bundled Implementation

**Note:** For source codes, please go to /cluster/ folder.

In the bundled implementation, both the BroAPT-Core framework and the BroAPT-App framework are running in a CentOS 7 container.

The communication between two frameworks is archived through multiprocessing. Queue.

**CHAPTER** 

**FOUR** 

## **API REFERENCE**

As discussed previously, the BroAPT system has two different implementation architectures. They are similar in overall concepts and processing, but may various in underlying internal source codes. We'll try to break down into details of each implementation for you to develop new extensions, hooks, scripts for the BroAPT system in *humans* way.

## 4.1 BroAPT-Core Framework

The BroAPT-Core framework is the extraction framework for the BroAPT system. For more information about the framework, please refer to previous documentation at *BroAPT-Core Extration Framework*.

## 4.1.1 Bro Scripts

### **Module Entry**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/scripts/\_\_load\_\_.bro
- Cluster implementation: cluster/core/source/scripts/\_\_load\_\_.bro

This is the entry point of the Bro scripts.

## **Configurations**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/scripts/config.bro
- Cluster implementation: cluster/core/source/scripts/config.bro

This file contains custom configurations for the Bro IDS at runtime. It will be automatically regenerated at runtime through the **Bro script composer**, based on the following environment variables:

- BROAPT\_LOGS\_PATH
- BROAPT PCAP PATH
- BROAPT MIME MODE
- BROAPT\_HASH\_MD5
- BROAPT\_HASH\_SHA1
- BROAPT\_HASH\_SHA256

- BROAPT\_X509\_MODE
- BROAPT ENTROPY MODE
- BROAPT\_DUMP\_PATH
- BROAPT\_FILE\_BUFFER
- BROAPT SIZE LIMIT
- BROAPT JSON MODE
- BROAPT\_LOAD\_MIME
- BROAPT\_LOAD\_PROTOCOL

## **MIME-Extension Mappings**

#### File location

- $\bullet \ \ Bundled \ implementation: \ \verb|source/client/scripts/file-extensions.bro|\\$
- Cluster implementation: cluster/core/source/scripts/file-extensions.

This file contains a Bro table mapping MIME types to possible file extensions. The MIME types are fetched from IANA registries and the file extensions are provided *semi-automatically* through mimetypes database.

This Bro script can be generated from the the mimelext.py script as we described in the *Miscellaneous & Auxiliary* section.

#### FileExtraction Module

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/scripts/main.bro
- Cluster implementation: cluster/core/source/scripts/main.bro

This files is the main implementation of the FileExtraction module. The main logic can be simplified as following Bro script:

```
module FileExtraction;

event file_sniff(f: fa_file, meta: fa_metadata) {
    if ( !hook FileExtraction::ignore(f, meta) )
        return;

    if ( !hook FileExtraction::extract(f, meta) ) {
        # scripts to generate an output file name
        local name: string = ...;

        # extract the file to the ``name``
        Files::add_analyzer(f, Files::ANALYZER_EXTRACT, [$extract_filename=name]);
    }
}
```

where FileExtraction::ignore and FileExtraction::extract are the two Bro hook functions, i.e. predicates, you may customise to affect the extraction behaviour.

# **Extract by Protocol**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/scripts/hooks/
- Cluster implementation: cluster/core/source/scripts/hooks/

This fold contains Bro hook functions to toggle if extract files transferred through a certain application layer protocol. Such scripts will be loaded based on BROAPT\_LOAD\_PROTOCOL environment variable.

Supported protocols are:

- DTLS
- FTP
- HTTP
- IRC
- SMTP

To extract all files transferred through HTTP, i.e. extract-http.bro in the folder, the Bro hook function should be as below:

```
@load ../__load__.bro
@load base/protocols/http/entities.bro

module FileExtraction;
hook FileExtraction::extract(f: fa_file, meta: fa_metadata) &priority=15 {
   if ( f$source == "HTTP" )
        break;
}
```

Note: We load base/protocols/http/entities.bro to support the script even running in bare mode.

# **Extract by MIME Type**

# File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/scripts/plugins/
- Cluster implementation: cluster/core/source/scripts/plugins/

This fold contains Bro hook functions to toggle if extract files of a certain MIME type. Such files will be generated based on BROAPT\_LOAD\_MIME environment variable.

To extract all files, i.e. extract-all-files.bro in the folder, the Bro hook function should be as below:

```
@load ../__load__.bro
module FileExtraction;
hook FileExtraction::extract(f: fa_file, meta: fa_metadata) &priority=10 {
    break;
}
```

### **Site Customisations**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/include/scripts/
- Cluster implementation: cluster/core/include/scripts/

This folder will be mapped into the Docker container as /broapt/scripts/sites/. You may load your customised script in the \_\_load\_\_.bro file.

**Note:** Should the sites folder doesn't exist, it will not be loaded into the main scripts to avoid raising errors at runtime.

Currently, we have integrated six sets of customised Bro scripts, please see *BroAPT-Core Extration Framework* for more information.

# 4.1.2 Python Modules

# **Module Entry**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/python/\_\_init\_\_.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/core/source/python/\_\_init\_\_.py

This file merely modifies the sys. path so that we can import the Python modules as if from the top level.

# **System Entrypoint**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/python/\_\_main\_\_.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/core/source/python/\_\_main\_\_.py

This file wraps the whole system and make the python folder callable as a module where the \_\_main\_\_.py will be considered as the entrypoint.

\_\_main\_\_.PCAP\_MGC = (b'\xa1\xb2\x3c\x4d', b'\xa1\xb2\xc3\xd4', b'\x4d\x3c\xb2\xa1', b'\xd4'
A tuple of magic numbers for PCAP files:

```
al b2 3c 4d # PCAP files in big endian with nanosecond timestamp
al b2 c3 d4 # PCAP files in big endian
4d 3c b2 al # PCAP files in little endian with nanosecond timestamp
d4 c3 b2 al # PCAP files in little endian
0a 0d 0d 0a # PCAPng files
```

```
__main__.is_pcap(file: str)
```

Check if file is a valid PCAP file with help of libmagic.

**Parameters file** (*str*) – Path of the file to be checked.

**Returns** If is a valid PCAP file.

Return type bool

```
__main__.listdir(path: str)
     Fetch all files under path.
          Parameters path (str) – Path to be fetched.
          Return type List[str]
 main .parse args (argv: List[str])
     Parse command line arguments (path to PCAP files) and fetch valid PCAP files.
     Note: If a directory is provided, it will be recursively listed with <code>listdir()</code>.
          Parameters argv (List[str]) – Command line arguments.
          Returns List of valid PCAP files.
          Return type List[str]
__main__.check_history()
     Check processed PCAP files.
     Note: Processed PCAP files will be recorded at const.FILE.
          Returns List of processed PCAP files.
          Return type List[str]
 __main__.main_with_args()
     Run the BroAPT system with command line arguments.
     Note: The process will exit once all PCAP files fetched from the paths given by the command line arguments
     are processed.
          Returns Exit code.
          Return type int
__main__.main_with_no_args()
     Run the BroAPT system without command line arguments.
     Note: The process will run and check for new PCAP files from const.PCAP_PATH indefinitely.
 _main__.main()
     Run the BroAPT-App framework under the context of remote.remote_proc().
          Returns Exit code.
          Return type int
     See also:
        • main_with_args()
        • main_with_no_args()
```

# **Bro Script Composer**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/python/compose.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/core/source/python/compose.py

**Note:** This file works as a standalone script for generating Bro scripts. It is **NOT** meant to be an *importable* module of the BroAPT system.

#### Introduction

As we can config what MIME types to extract through the BROAPT\_LOAD\_MIME environment variable, the BroAPT\_Core framework will automatically generate the Bro scripts based on this environment variable and many others.

For MIME types with a *shell*-like pattern, we will use fnmatch.translate() to convert the pattern into a regular expression.

A generated *Bro script* for hook function extracting files with MIME type example/test-\* would be as following:

```
@load ../__load__.bro
module FileExtraction;
hook FileExtraction::extract(f: fa_file, meta: fa_metadata) &priority=5 {
   if ( meta?$mime_type && /example\/test\-.*/ == meta$mime_type )
        break;
}
```

Besides this, the Bro script composer will also generate/rewrite the *Bro configurations* to customise several metrics and to load the scripts as specified in the environment variables.

**Note:** The full list of supported environment variables is as following:

- BROAPT\_LOGS\_PATH
- BROAPT\_PCAP\_PATH
- BROAPT\_MIME\_MODE
- BROAPT\_HASH\_MD5
- BROAPT\_HASH\_SHA1
- BROAPT\_HASH\_SHA256
- BROAPT\_X509\_MODE
- BROAPT\_ENTROPY\_MODE
- BROAPT\_DUMP\_PATH
- BROAPT\_FILE\_BUFFER
- BROAPT\_SIZE\_LIMIT
- BROAPT JSON MODE

- BROAPT\_LOAD\_MIME
- BROAPT\_LOAD\_PROTOCOL

#### **Functions**

```
compose.file_salt (uid: str)
     Update the config.bro (Configurations) with provided uid as file_salt.
compose.compose()
     Compose Bro scripts with environment variables defined.
```

**Note:** This function is the module entry.

```
compose.escape (mime_type: str)
```

Escape *shell*-like mime\_type pattern to regular expression.

Caution: The underlying implementation of fnmatch.translate() calls re.escape() to escape special characters. However, in Python 3.6, the function will escape all characters other than ASCIIs, numbers and underlines (\_); whilst in Python 3.7, it will only escape characters defined in re.\_special\_chars\_map.

#### **Constants**

# **Auxiliaries**

```
compose.ROOT

Type str
```

Path to the BroAPT-Core framework source codes (absolute path at runtime).

```
compose.BOOLEAN_STATES = {'1': True, '0': False, 'yes': True, 'no': False, 'true': T
    Mapping of boolean states, c.f. configparser.
```

# **Bro Configs**

```
Type str (path)

Environ BROAPT_LOGS_PATH

Path to system logs.

compose.PCAP_PATH

Type str (path)

Environ BROAPT_PCAP_PATH

Path to source PCAP files.

compose.MIME_MODE
```

```
Type bool
         Environ BROAPT_MIME_MODE
     If group extracted files by MIME type.
compose.HASH_MODE_MD5
         Type bool
         Environ BROAPT_HASH_MD5
     Calculate MD5 hash of extracted files.
compose.HASH_MODE_SHA1
         Type bool
         Environ BROAPT_HASH_SHA1
     Calculate SHA1 hash of extracted files.
compose.HASH_MODE_SHA256
         Type bool
         Environ BROAPT_HASH_SHA256
     Calculate SHA256 hash of extracted files.
compose. X509 MODE
         Type bool
         Environ BROAPT_X509_MODE
     Include X509 information when running Bro.
compose.ENTROPY_MODE
         Type bool
         Environ BROAPT_ENTROPY_MODE
     Include file entropy information when running Bro.
compose.DUMP_PATH
         Type str (path)
         Environ BROAPT_DUMP_PATH
     Path to extracted files.
. data:: compose.FILE BUFFER
         type int(uint64)
         environ BROAPT_FILE_BUFFER
     Reassembly buffer size for file extraction.
compose.SIZE_LIMIT
         Type int (uint64)
         Environ BROAPT_SIZE_LIMIT
     Size limit of extracted files.
compose. JSON_MODE
```

```
Type bool
         Environ BROAPT_JSON_MODE
     Toggle Bro logs in JSON or ASCII format.
compose.LOAD_MIME
         Type List[str] (case-insensitive)
         Environ BROAPT LOAD MIME
     A, or; separated string of MIME types to be extracted.
compose.LOAD_PROTOCOL
         Type List[str] (case-insensitive)
         Environ BROAPT_LOAD_PROTOCOL
     A , or ; separated string of application layer protocols to be extracted, can be any of dtls, ftp, http, irc
     and smtp.
Subsitute Patterns
compose.FILE_TEMP
         Type Tuple[str]
     Template for MIME type extraction Bro scripts.
compose.MIME_REGEX
         Type re.Pattern
     Pattern for mime (MIME_MODE).
compose.LOGS_REGEX
         Type re.Pattern
     Pattern for logs (LOGS_PATH).
compose.HASH_REGEX_MD5
         Type re.Pattern
     Pattern for md5 (HASH_MODE_MD5).
compose. HASH_REGEX_SHA1
         Type re.Pattern
     Pattern for sha1 (HASH_MODE_SHA1).
compose. HASH_REGEX_SHA256
         Type re.Pattern
     Pattern for sha256 (HASH_MODE_SHA256).
compose.X509_REGEX
         Type re.Pattern
     Pattern for \times 509 (X509\_MODE).
compose.ENTR_REGEX
```

```
Type re.Pattern
    Pattern for entropy (ENTROPY_MODE).
compose. JSON_REGEX
         Type re.Pattern
    Pattern for use_json (JSON_MODE).
compose.SALT_REGEX
         Type re.Pattern
    Pattern for file_salt (file_salt()).
compose.FILE_REGEX
         Type re.Pattern
    Pattern for file_buffer (FILE_BUFFER).
compose.PATH_REGEX
         Type re.Pattern
    Pattern for path_prefix (DUMP_PATH).
compose.SIZE_REGEX
         Type re.Pattern
    Pattern for size_limit (SIZE_LIMIT).
compose.LOAD_REGEX
         Type re.Pattern
    Pattern for @load loading scripts.
Common Constants
    File location
           • Bundled implementation: source/client/python/const.py
           • Cluster implementation: cluster/core/source/python/const.py
const.ROOT
         Type str
    Path to the BroAPT-Core framework source codes (absolute path at runtime).
const.BOOLEAN_STATES = {'1': True, '0': False, 'yes': True, 'no': False, 'true':
    Mapping of boolean states, c.f. configparser.
const.CPU_CNT
         Type int
         Environ BROAPT_CPU
    Number of BroAPT concurrent processes for PCAP analysis. If not provided, then the number of system CPUs
    will be used.
const.INTERVAL
```

Type float

#### **Environ**

```
• Bundled implementation: BROAPT_INTERVAL
```

• Cluster implementation: BROAPT\_CORE\_INTERVAL

Wait interval after processing current pool of PCAP files.

```
const.DUMP_PATH
```

```
Type str (path)
```

Environ BROAPT\_DUMP\_PATH

Path to extracted files.

### const.PCAP\_PATH

Type str (path)

Environ BROAPT\_PCAP\_PATH

Path to source PCAP files.

# const.LOGS\_PATH

Type str (path)

**Environ** BROAPT\_LOGS\_PATH

Path to system logs.

### const.MIME\_MODE

Type bool

**Environ** BROAPT\_MIME\_MODE

If group extracted files by MIME type.

### const.BARE\_MODE

Type bool

**Environ** BROAPT\_BARE\_MODE

Run Bro in bare mode (don't load scripts from the base/directory).

# $\verb"const.NO_CHKSUM"$

Type bool

Environ BROAPT\_NO\_CHKSUM

Ignore checksums of packets in PCAP files when running Bro.

### const.HOOK\_CPU

Type int

Environ BROAPT\_HOOK\_CPU

Number of BroAPT concurrent processes for Python hooks.

### const.FILE

Type str

```
os.path.join(LOGS_PATH, 'file.log')
```

Path to file system database of processed PCAP files.

```
const.TIME
```

```
Type str
```

```
os.path.join(LOGS_PATH, 'time.log')
```

Path to log file of processing time records.

# const.STDOUT

```
Type str
```

```
os.path.join(LOGS_PATH, 'stdout.log')
```

Path to stdout replica.

### const.STDERR

```
Type str
```

```
os.path.join(LOGS_PATH, 'stderr.log')
```

Path to stderr replica.

# $\verb"const.QUEUE\_LOGS"$

Type multiprocessing.Queue

Availability bundled implementation

Teleprocess communication queue for log processing.

### const.QUEUE

Type multiprocessing.Queue

Availability cluster implementation

# See also:

const.QUEUE\_LOGS

# **Bro Log Parser**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/python/logparser.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/core/source/python/logparser.py

**Important:** This module has been deprecated for production reasons. Please use the ZLogging module for parsing Bro logs.

### **Dataclasses**

```
class logparser.TEXTInfo
     A dataclass for parsed ASCII log file.
     format = 'text'
         Log file format.
     path: str
         Path to log file.
     open: datetime.datetime
         Open time of log file.
     close: datetime.datetime
         Close time of log file.
     context: pandas.DataFrame
          Parsed log context.
     exit_with_error: bool
         If log file exited with error, i.e. close time close doesn't present in the log file.
class logparser.JSONInfo
     A dataclass for parsed JSON log file.
     format = 'json'
         Log file format.
     context: pandas.DataFrame
         Parsed log context.
Field Parsers
logparser.set_separator: str
     Separator of set & vector values in ASCII logs.
logparser.empty_field: str
     Separator of empty fields in ASCII logs.
logparser.unset_field:
     Separator of unset fields in ASCII logs.
     Note: If the field is unset_field, then the parsers below will return None.
logparser.set_parser(s: str, t: Type[T])
     Parse set field.
          Parameters
               • s (str) – Field string.
               • t (type) – Type of set elements.
          Return type Set [T]
logparser.vector_parser(s: str, t: Type[T])
     Parse vector field.
```

**Parameters** 

• **s** (str) – Field string.

```
• t (type) – Type of vector elements.
         Return type List[T]
logparser.str_parser(s: str)
     Parse string field.
         Parameters s(str) – Field string.
         Return type str
     Note: To unescape the escaped bytes characters, we use the unicode_escape encoding to decode the
     parsed string.
logparser.port_parser(s: str)
     Parse port field.
         Parameters s(str) – Field string.
         Return type int (uint16)
logparser.int_parser(s: str)
     Parse int field.
         Parameters s(str) – Field string.
         Return type int (int 64)
logparser.count_parser(s: str)
     Parse count field.
         Parameters s(str) – Field string.
         Return type int (uint 64)
logparser.addr_parser(s: str)
     Parse addr field.
         Parameters s(str) – Field string.
         Return type Union[ipaddress.IPv4Address, ipaddress.IPv6Address]
logparser.subnet_parser(s: str)
     Parse subnet field.
         Parameters s(str) – Field string.
         Return type Union[ipaddress.IPv4Network, ipaddress.IPv6Network]
logparser.time_parser(s: str)
     Parse time field.
         Parameters s(str) – Field string.
         Return type datetime.datetime
logparser.float_parser(s: str)
     Parse float field.
         Parameters s(str) – Field string.
         Return type decimal. Decimal (precision set to 6)
```

```
logparser.interval_parser(s: str)
     Parse interval field.
          Parameters s(str) – Field string.
          Return type datetime.timedelta
logparser.enum parser (s: str)
     Parse enum field.
          Parameters s(str) – Field string.
          Return type enum. Enum
logparser.bool_parser(s: str)
     Parse bool field.
          Parameters s(str) – Field string.
          Return type bool
          Raises ValueError - If s is not a valid value, i.e. any of unset_field, 'T' (True) or 'F'
              (False).
logparser.type_parser = collections.defaultdict(lambda: str_parser, dict( string=str_parser)
     Mapping for Bro types and corresponding parser function.
Log Parsers
logparser.parse_text (file: io.TextIOWrapper, line: str, hook: Optional[Dict[str, Callable[[str],
                           Any]])
     Parse ASCII logs.
          Parameters
                • file – Log file opened in read ('r') mode.
                • line (str) – First line of the log file (used for format detection by parse ()).
                • hook – Addition parser mappings to register in type_parser.
          Return type TEXTInfo
logparser.parse_text (file: io.TextIOWrapper, line: str)
     Parse JSON logs.
          Parameters
                • file – Log file opened in read ('r') mode.
                • line (str) – First line of the log file (used for format detection by parse ()).
          Return type JSONInfo
logparser.parse (filename: str, hook: Optional[Dict[str, Callable[[str], Any]])
     Parse Bro logs.
          Parameters
                • filename (str) – Log file to be parsed.
                • hook - Addition parser mappings to register in type_parser when processing ASCII
                  logs for parse_text().
          Return type Union[TEXTInfo, JSONInfo]
```

**Note:** The function will automatically detect if the given log file is in ASCII or JSON format.

## **Module Entry**

```
logparser.main()
```

```
python logparser.py [filename ...]
```

Wrapper function to parse and pretty print log files.

#### **Extraction Process**

### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/python/process.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/core/source/python/process.py

```
process.process (file: str)
```

Process PCAP file with Bro IDS and put the root folder to Bro logs into const.QUEUE\_LOGS.

**Parameters file** (str) – Path to PCAP file.

```
communicate (log root: str)
```

Check if extracted files exist based on extracted field from the files.log.

In **bundled implementation**, then put the files into <code>const.QUEUE\_DUMP</code>.

```
Parameters log_root (str) – Root folder to Bro logs.
```

**Raises** *ExtractWarning* – When supposedly extracted file not found.

```
process.SALT_LOCK: multiprocessing.Lock
```

Lock for updating config.bro with compsoe.file\_salt().

```
process.STDOUT_LOCK: multiprocessing.Lock
```

Lock for writing to the stdout *replica const.STDOUT*.

```
process.STDERR_LOCK: multiprocessing.Lock
```

Lock for writing to the stderr replica const. STDERR.

### exception process. ExtractWarning

Bases Warning

Extraction warning.

# **Bro Logs Processing**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/python/remote.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/core/source/python/remote.py

### **Hook Mainloop**

```
remote.remote_proc()
```

A context for running processes at the background.

In **bundled implementation**, this function also starts both <code>remote\_dump()</code> and <code>remote\_logs()</code> as new processes.

In **cluster implementation**, this function starts remote() as a new process.

**Note:** Before exit, in **bundled implementation**, it will send SIGUSR1 signal to the <code>remote\_dump()</code> background process and SIGUSR2 signal to the <code>remote\_logs()</code> background process; then wait for the process to gracefully exit.

In **cluster implementation**, it will send SIGUSR1 signal to the <code>remote\_logs()</code> background process and wait for the process to gracefully exit.

```
remote.remote_logs()
```

**Availability** bundled implementation

Runtime mainloop for Python hooks.

The function will start as an *indefinite* loop to fetch path to Bro logs from <code>const.QUEUE\_LOGS</code>, and execute registered Python hooks on them.

When JOIN\_LOGS is set to True, the function will break from the loop and execute registered Python hooks for *closing* (sites.EXIT).

**Raises** *HookWarning* – If hook execution failed.

```
remote.remote()
```

Availability cluster implementation

The function will start as an *indefinite* loop to fetch path to Bro logs from <code>const.QUEUE</code>, and execute registered Python hooks on them.

When JOIN is set to True, the function will break from the loop and execute registered Python hooks for closing (sites.EXIT).

Raises HookWarning - If hook execution failed.

```
hook (log_name: str)
```

Wrapper function for running registered Python hooks.

**Parameters**  $log_name(str) - Root folder of Bro logs.$ 

```
wrapper_logs (args: Tuple[Callable[[str], Any], str])
```

Wrapper function for running registered Python hooks for processing (sites. HOOK).

```
wrapper_func (func: Callable[], Any])
```

Wrapper function for running registered Python hooks for *closing* (sites.EXIT).

# Warnings

```
exception remote. HookWarning
```

```
Bases Warning
```

Warns when Python hooks execution failed.

# **Signal Handling**

# **Bundled Implementation**

```
remote.join_logs(*args, **kwargs)
```

Availability bundled implementation

Toggle JOIN\_LOGS to True.

**Note:** This function is registered as handler for SIGUSR2`.

```
remote.JOIN_LOGS = multiprocessing.Value('B', False)
```

Availability bundled implementation

Flag to stop the remote\_logs() background process.

### **Cluster Implementation**

```
remote.join(*args, **kwargs)
```

Availability cluster implementation

Toggle JOIN to True.

**Note:** This function is registered as handler for SIGUSR1`.

```
remote.JOIN = multiprocessing.Value('B', False)
```

**Availability** cluster implementation

Flag to stop the remote() background process.

# **Auxiliaries & Utilities**

### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/python/utils.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/core/source/python/utils.py

```
@utils.suppress
```

A decorator that suppresses all exceptions.

```
utils.file_lock(file: str)
```

A context lock for file modification with a file system lock.

**Parameters file** (str) – Filename to be locked in the context.

```
utils.print_file(s: Any, file: str)
```

Wrapper function to *process*-safely print s into file.

#### **Parameters**

- **s** (*str*) Content to be printed.
- **file** (*str*) Filename of output stream.

```
utils.redirect(src: str, dst: str, label='unknown')
```

Redirect the content of src to dst with label as prefix:

```
<label> line from src
```

#### **Parameters**

- **src** (str) Filename of source file.
- **dst** (str) Filename of destination file.
- label (str) Optional prefix to the redirected content.

```
utils.is_nan(value: Any)
```

Check if value is None or a NaN.

**Parameters** value – Value to be checked.

Return type bool

#### **Site Customisations**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/include/python/
- Cluster implementation: cluster/core/include/python/

This folder will be mapped into the Docker container as /broapt/python/sites/. You may register your customised Python hooks in the \_\_init\_\_.py file.

```
sites.HOOK: List[Callable[[str], Any]]
```

Registry for processing hooks.

Registered function should take the path to the folder of Bro logs as a single parameter, return values will be ignored. Such functions will be called on each Bro log folder generated from PCAP files.

```
sites.EXIT: List[Callable[], Any]]
```

Registry for *closing* hooks.

Registered function should take **NO** parameters, return values will be ignored. Such functions will be called before the system exits.

Currently, we have integrated two sets of customised Python hooks, please see *BroAPT-Core Extration Framework* for more information.

# 4.1.3 Wrapper Scripts

For the Docker container, we have created some Shell/Bash wrapper scripts to make the life a little bit better.

# **Bundled Implementation**

File location source/client/init.sh

# **Cluster Implementation**

File location cluster/core/source/init.sh

# 4.2 BroAPT-App Framework

The BroAPT-App framework is the analysis framework for the BroAPT system. For more information about the framework, please refer to previous documentation at *BroAPT-App Detection Framework*.

# 4.2.1 Python Modules

# **Module Entry**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/python/\_\_init\_\_.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/app/source/python/\_\_init\_\_.py

This file merely modifies the sys. path so that we can import the Python modules as if from the top level.

# **System Entrypoint**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation:
  - source/client/python/remote.py
  - source/client/python/scan.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/app/source/python/\_\_main\_\_.py

In **bundled implementation**, the *Bro Logs Processing* module (remote) starts a background process for the BroAPT-App framework; whilst the *Detection Process* module (process) contains *main processing logic* as well as the original system entrypoint.

In cluster implementation, this file wraps the whole system and make the python folder callable as a module where the \_\_main\_\_.py will be considered as the entrypoint.

# **Constants**

```
__main__.FILE_REGEX: re.Pattern
```

Availability cluster implementation

```
# subtype
    (?P<subtype>\S+)
    # file extension
    (?P<extension>\S+)
''', re.IGNORECASE | re.VERBOSE)
```

Regular expression to match and fetch information from extracted files.

```
See also:
```

```
const.FILE_REGEX
```

#### **Dataclasses**

```
class scan.MIME
         Availability bundled implementation
     A dataclass for parsed MIME type.
     media_type: str
         Media type.
     subtype: str
         Subtype.
     name:
            str
         MIME type.
class __main__.MIME
         Availability cluster implementation
     See also:
     scan.MIME
class scan.Entry
         Availability bundled implementation
     A dataclass for extracted file entry.
     path: str
         File path.
     uuid: str
         UUID parsed from file.
     mime: MIME
         Parsed MIME type dataclass.
     Note: This dataclass supports ordering with power of functools.total_ordering().
class __main__.Entry
         Availability cluster implementation
```

#### See also:

```
scan. Entry
```

### **Bundled Implementation**

#### scan Module

```
scan.scan(local_name: str)
```

Availability bundled implementation

Parse then start processing of the given file.

#### See also:

```
scan.process()
scan.lookup(path: str)
```

Availability bundled implementation

Fetch all extracted files to be processed from the given path.

**Parameters** path (str) – Path to extracted files.

Returns List of extracted files.

**Return type** List[str]

### remote Module

# **Framework Mainloop**

```
remote.remote_dump()
```

Availability bundled implementation

Runtime mainloop for BroAPT-App framework.

The function will start as an *indefinite* loop to fetch path to extracted files from <code>const.QUEUE\_DUMP</code>, and perform <code>scan()</code> on them.

When <code>JOIN\_DUMP</code> is set to <code>True</code>, the function will break from the loop.

# **Signal Handling**

```
remote.join_dump(*args, **kwargs)

Availability bundled implementation
Toggle JOIN_DUMP to True.
```

**Note:** This function is registered as handler for SIGUSR1`.

```
remote.JOIN_DUMP = multiprocessing.Value('B', False)
```

Availability bundled implementation

Flag to stop the remote\_dump() background process.

# **Cluster Implementation**

```
__main___.listdir(path: str)

Availability cluster implementation

Fetch and parse all extracted files in the given path.

Parameters path(str) - Path to extracted files.

Returns List of parsed entry for extracted files.

Return type List[Entry]

__main__.check_history()

Availability cluster implementation

Check processed extracted files.
```

**Note:** Processed extracted files will be recorded at *const.DUMP*.

```
Returns List of processed extracted files.
```

**Return type** List[str]

```
___main___.main()
```

Availability cluster implementation

Run the BroAPT-Core framework.

Returns Exit code.

Return type int

### See also:

```
__main__.process()
```

# **API Config Parser**

# File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/python/cfgparser.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/app/source/python/cfgparser.py

### **Dataclasses**

class cfgparser.API

```
A dataclass for parsed API entry.
     workdir: str
          API working directory.
     environ: Dict[str, Any]
          API runtime environment variables.
     install: List[Union[str, List[str]]]
         List of installation commands.
     scripts: List[Union[str, List[str]]]
         List of detection commands.
     report: str
          Report generation command.
     remote: bool
          If the API required remote execution, i.e. through the BroAPT-Daemon server.
     shared:
          Sharing identifier, i.e. which MIME type the API entry is shared with.
     inited = multiprocessing.Value('B', False)
          Initied flag.
     locked: multiprocessing.Lock
          Multiprocessing runtime lock.
Functions
cfgparser.parse_cmd (context: Dict[str, Any], mimetype: str, environ: Dict[str, Any])
     Parse API of mimetype.
          Parameters
               • context – API configuration context.
               • mimetype (str) – MIME type of the API.
                • environ – Global environment variables.
          Raises ReportNotFoundError - If report section not presented in context.
cfgparser.parse(root: str)
     Parse API configuration file api.yml.
          Parameters root (str) – Root path to the APIs.
          Returns The parsed API entries, i.e. API_DICT.
          Return type Dict[str, API]
```

### **Constants**

```
cfgparser.MEDIA_TYPE: Tuple[str]
```

```
('application',
  'audio',
  # 'example', ## preserved for default API
  'font',
  'image',
  'message',
  'model',
  'multipart',
  'text',
  'video')
```

Possible media types.

```
cfgparser.API_DICT: Dict[str, API]
    Database for API entries.

cfgparser.API_LOCK: Dict[str, multiprocessing.Lock]
    Database for multiprocessing lock.

cfgparser.API_INIT: Dict[str, multiprocessing.Value]
    Database for inited flags.
```

### **Exceptions**

```
Bases Exception
Invalid config.

exception cfgparser.DefaultNotFoundError
Bases ConfigError
The default fallback API for MIME type example not found.

exception cfgparser.ReportNotFoundError
Bases ConfigError
The report section not found in API.
```

#### **Common Constants**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/python/const.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/app/source/python/const.py

const.ROOT

```
Type str
```

Path to the BroAPT-App framework source codes (absolute path at runtime).

### const.CPU\_CNT

Type int

#### **Environ**

- Bundled implementation: BROAPT\_SCAN\_CPU
- Cluster implementation: BROAPT APP CPU

Number of BroAPT concurrent processes for extracted file analysis. If not provided, then the number of system CPUs will be used.

#### const.INTERVAL

Type int

#### **Environ**

- Bundled implementation: BROAPT\_INTERVAL
- Cluster implementation: BROAPT\_APP\_INTERVAL

Wait interval after processing current pool of extracted files.

# const.MAX\_RETRY

Type int

Retry times for failed commands.

Type int

Exit code upon success.

# const.EXIT\_FAILURE = 1

Type int

Exit code upon failure.

### const.LOGS\_PATH

Type str

Environ BROAPT\_LOGS\_PATH

Path to system logs.

# const.DUMP\_PATH

Type str

**Environ** BROAPT\_DUMP\_PATH

Path to extracted files.

# const.API\_ROOT

Type str

**Environ** BROAPT\_API\_ROOT

Path to the API root folder.

# const.**API\_LOGS**

Type str

```
Environ BROAPT_API_LOGS
     Path to API detection logs.
const.API_DICT
         Type Dict[str, cfgparser.API]
     Database for API entries.
     See also:
     cfgparser.parse
const.SERVER_NAME_HOST
         Type str
         Environ BROAPT_NAME_HOST
     Hostname of BroAPT-Daemon server.
const.SERVER_NAME_PORT
         Type str
         Environ BROAPT_NAME_PORT
     Port number of BroAPT-Daemon server.
const.SERVER NAME
         Type str
     f'http://{SERVER_NAME_HOST}:{SERVER_NAME_PORT}/api/v1.0/scan'
     URL for BroAPT-Daemon server's scanning API.
const.DUMP
         Type str
     os.path.join(LOGS_PATH, 'dump.log')
     Path to file system database of processed extracted files.
const.FAIL
         Type str
     os.path.join(LOGS_PATH, 'fail.log')
     Path to file system database of failed processing extracted files.
const.FILE_REGEX
         Type re.Pattern
         Availability bundled implementation
     re.compile(r'''
         # protocol prefix
         (?P<protocol>DTLS|FTP_DATA|HTTP|IRC_DATA|SMTP|\S+)
         # file UID
          (?P<fuid>F\w+)
                                                                                (continues on next page)
```

Regular expression to match and fetch information from extracted files.

#### See also:

```
__main__.FILE_REGEX
```

### const.MIME\_REGEX

Type re.Pattern

Availability bundled implementation

Regular expression to match and fetch information from MIME type.

# const.QUEUE\_DUMP

Type multiprocessing.Queue

Availability bundled implementation

Teleprocess communication queue for extracted files processing.

### **Detection Process**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/python/scan.py
- Cluster implementation:
  - cluster/app/source/python/scan.py
  - cluster/app/source/python/utils/py

# **Bundled Implementation**

```
scan.process(entry: Entry)
          Availability bundled implementation
     Process extracted files with detection APIs.
          Parameters entry (Entry) – File to be processed.
scan.make_env(api: API)
          Availability bundled implementation
     Generate a dictionary of environment variables based on API entry.
          Parameters api (API) – API entry from api.yml.
          Return type Dict[str, Any]
scan.make_cwd (api: API, entry: Optional[Entry] = None, example: bool = False)
          Availability bundled implementation
     Generate the working directory of API entry.
          Parameters
                 • api (API) - API entry from api.yml.
                 • entry (Entry) - File to be processed.
                 • example (bool) – If using the fallback detection API example.
          Returns Path to the working directory.
          Return type str
scan.init (api: API, cwd: str, env: Dict[str, Any], mime: str, uuid: str)
          Availability bundled implementation
     Run the initialisation commands of API entry.
          Parameters
                 • api (API) - API entry from api.yml.
                 • cwd (str) - Working directory.
                 • env (Dict[str, Any]) – Environment variables.
                 • mime (str) - MIME type.
                 • uuid (str) – Unique identifier of current scan.
          Returns Exit code (const.EXIT SUCCESS or const.EXIT FAILURE).
          Return type int
scan.run (command: Union[str, List[str]], cwd: str = None, env: Optional[Dict[str, Any]] = None, mime:
            str = 'example', file: str = 'unknown')
          Availability bundled implementation
```

**Parameters** 

Run command with provided settings.

• command (Union[str, List[str]]) - Command to execute.

```
• env (Dict[str, Any]) – Environment variables.
               • mime(str) - MIME type.
               • file (str) – Stem of output log file.
          Returns Exit code (const.EXIT SUCCESS or const.EXIT FAILURE).
          Return type int
scan.issue (mime: str)
          Availability bundled implementation
     Called when the execution of API commands failed.
          Parameters mime (str) – MIME type.
          Returns Exit code (const.EXIT_FAILURE).
          Return type int
          Raises
                • APIError - If mime is example.
               • APIWarning - If mime is NOT example.
exception scan.APIWarning
          Bases Warning
          Availability bundled implementation
     Warn if API execution failed.
exception scan.APIError
          Bases Exception
          Availability bundled implementation
     Error if API execution failed.
Cluster Implementation
process.process(entry: Entry)
          Availability cluster implementation
     See also:
     scan.process()
process.make_env(api: API)
          Availability cluster implementation
     See also:
     scan.make_env()
process.make_cwd (api: API, entry: Optional[Entry] = None, example: bool = False)
          Availability cluster implementation
```

• cwd (str) - Working dictionary.

```
See also:
     scan.make_cwd()
process.init (api: API, cwd: str, env: Dict[str, Any], mime: str, uuid: str)
          Availability cluster implementation
     See also:
     scan.init()
process.run (command: Union[str, List[str]], cwd: str = None, env: Optional[Dict[str, Any]] = None,
               mime: str = 'example', file: str = 'unknown')
          Availability cluster implementation
     See also:
     scan.run()
process.issue (mime: str)
          Availability cluster implementation
     See also:
     scan.issue()
exception utils.APIWarning
          Bases Warning
          Availability cluster implementation
     See also:
     scan.APIWarning
exception utils.APIError
          Bases Exception
          Availability cluster implementation
     See also:
     scan.APIError
```

### **Remote Detection**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/python/scan.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/app/source/python/remote.py

# **Bundled Implementation**

```
scan.remote (entry: Entry, mime: str, api: API)
```

Availability bundled implementation

Request the BroAPT-Daemon server to perform remote detection.

### **Parameters**

- **entry** (Entry) Extracted file to be processed.
- mime (str) MIME type.
- api (API) API entry from api.yml.

Returns Exit code (const.EXIT\_SUCCESS or const.EXIT\_FAILURE).

Return type int

## **Cluster Implementation**

```
remote.remote(entry: Entry, mime: str, api: API)
```

Availability cluster implementation

#### See also:

scan.remote()

### **Auxiliaries & Utilities**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/client/python/utils.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/app/source/python/utils.py

### @utils.suppress

A decorator that suppresses all exceptions.

```
utils.file_lock (file: str)
```

A context lock for file modification with a file system lock.

**Parameters** file (str) – Filename to be locked in the context.

```
utils.temp_env(env: Dict[str, Any])
```

A context for temporarily change the current os.environ.

**Parameters** env (Dict[str, Any]) – Environment variables.

```
utils.print_file(s: Any, file: str)
```

Wrapper function to *process*-safely print s into file.

#### **Parameters**

- **s** (str) Content to be printed.
- **file** (str) Filename of output stream.

# 4.2.2 API Configurations

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/include/api/
- Cluster implementation: cluster/app/include/api/

As discussed in previous documentation, we provided a YAML configuration file api.yml for registering MIME type specific detection methods.

For example, following is the requirements of an API for analysing PDF files (MIME type: application/pdf):

- Root: /api/
- Target: MIME type: application/pdf file name: /dump/application/pdf/test.pdf
- API: working directory: ./pdf\_analysis environment: ENV\_FOO=1, ENV\_BAR=this is an environment variable

The configuration section should then be:

```
application:
 ... # other APIs
 pdf:
   remote: false
   workdir: pdf_analysis
   environ:
     ENV FOO: 1
     ENV_BAR: this is an environment variable
   install:
     - apt-get update
     - apt-get install -y python python-pip
      - python -m pip install -r requirements.txt
      - rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*
     - apt-get remove -y --auto-remove python-pip
      - apt-get clean
   scripts:
                                                    # refer to /usr/bin/python
     - ${PYTHON27} detect.py [...]
                                                    # and some random command
   report: ${PYTHON27} report.py
                                                    # generate final report
```

Important: report section is MANDATORY.

If remote is true, then the BroAPT-APP framework will run the corresponding API in the host machine through the BroAPT-Daemon server.

The BroAPT-App framework will work as following:

- 1. set the following environment variables:
  - per target file

```
- BROAPT_PATH="/dump/application/pdf/test.pdf"
```

- BROAPT\_MIME="application/pdf"
- per API configuration

```
- ENV_FOO=1
```

- ENV\_BAR="this is an environment variable"

- 2. change the current working directory to /api/application/pdf/pdf\_analysis
- 3. if run for the first time, run the following commands:

```
    apt-get update
    apt-get install -y python python-pip
    python -m pip install -r requirements.txt
    rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*
    apt-get remove -y --auto-remove python-pip
```

- apt-get clean
- 4. run the following mid-stage commands:
  - /usr/bin/python detect.py [...]
- 5. generate final report: /usr/bin/python report.py

Note: The registered MIME types support shell-like patterns.

If the API of a specific MIME type is not provided, it will then fallback to the API configuration registered under the special example MIME type.

```
## Configuration for API arguments of BroAPT-APP
## Environment (global setup)
## Environment variables `\{\ldots\}` used in API arguments will be translated
## according to the following values.
##
environment:
 # API root path
 API_ROOT: ${BROAPT_API_ROOT}
 # Python 3.6
 PYTHON: /usr/bin/python3.6
 PYTHON36: /usr/bin/python3.6
 PYTHON3: /usr/bin/python3.6
 # Python 2.7
 PYTHON27: /usr/bin/python
 PYTHON2: /usr/bin/python
 # Shell/Bash
 SHELL: /bin/bash
## Example:
##
## - Root: `/api/`
## - Target:
##
   - MIME type: `application/pdf`
   - file name: `/dump/application/pdf/test.pdf`
## - API:
    - working directory: `./pdf_analysis`
   - environment: `ENV_FOO=1`, `ENV_BAR=this is an environment variable
```

```
## The configuration section should then be:
##
## application:
## ... # other APIs
##
   pdf:
##
     remote: false
##
     workdir: pdf_analysis
##
     environ:
##
      ENV_FOO: 1
##
        ENV_BAR: this is an environment variable
##
     install:
##
        - apt-get update
        - apt-get install -y python python-pip
##
##
        - python -m pip install -r requirements.txt
##
        - rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*
##
        - apt-get remove -y --auto-remove python-pip
##
        - apt-get clean
##
      scripts:
##
        - ${PYTHON27} detect.py [...]
                                                      # refer to /usr/bin/python
##
                                                      # and some random command
##
      report: ${PYTHON27} report.py
                                                      # generate final report
##
## BroAPT will work as following:
##
## 1. set the following environment variables
     # per target file
##
     - BROAPT_PATH="/dump/application/pdf/test.pdf"
     - BROAPT_MIME="application/pdf"
##
    # per API configuration
##
##
     - ENV_FOO=1
     - ENV_BAR="this is an environment variable"
##
## 2. change the current working directory to
      `/api/application/pdf/pdf_analysis`
## 3. if run for the first time, run the following commands:
     - `apt-get update`
##
##
     - `apt-get install -y python python-pip`
##
     - `python -m pip install -r requirements.txt`
##
     - `rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*`
     - `apt-get remove -y --auto-remove python-pip`
     - `apt-get clean`
##
## 4. run the following mid-stage commands:
     - `/usr/bin/python detect.py [...]`
##
   - `...
##
## 5. generate final report:
##
     `/usr/bin/python report.py`
##
## NOTE: `report` section is MANDATORY.
      If `remote` is `true`, then BroAPT will run the
##
##
        corresponding API in the host machine.
##
# APIs for `application` media type
application:
 javascript: &javascript
    ## JaSt.
   workdir: ${API_ROOT}/application/javascript/JaSt
```

```
environ:
    JS_LOG: /var/log/bro/tmp/
  install:
    - yum install -y epel-release
    - yum install -y git nodejs
    - test -d ./JaSt/ ||
      git clone https://github.com/Aurore54F/JaSt.git
    - ${PYTHON3} -m pip install
        matplotlib
        plotly
        numpy
        scipy
        scikit-learn
        pandas
    - ${PYTHON3} ./JaSt/clustering/learner.py
        --d ./sample/
        --l ./lables/
        --md ./models/
        --mn broapt-jast
  scripts:
    - ${PYTHON3} ./JaSt/clustering/classifier.py
        --f ${BROAPT_PATH}
        --m ./models/broapt-jast
  report: "false"
octet-stream: &lmd
  ## LMD
 workdir: ${API_ROOT}/application/octet-stream/LMD
   LMD_LOG: /var/log/bro/tmp/
 install:
    - yum install -y git which
    - test -d ./linux-malware-detect/ ||
      git clone https://github.com/rfxn/linux-malware-detect.git
    - ${SHELL} install.sh
  report: ${SHELL} detect.sh
vnd.android.package-archive:
  ## AndroPyTool
 remote: true
 workdir: AndroPyTool
    # ANDROID HOME: $HOME/android-sdk-linux
    # PATH: $PATH: $ANDROID HOME/tools
    # PATH: $PATH: $ANDROID_HOME/platform-tools
    # APK_LOG: /var/log/bro/tmp/
   APK_LOG: /home/traffic/log/bro/tmp/
  install:
    # - ${SHELL} install.sh
    - docker pull alexmyg/andropytool
  # report: ${PYTHON36} detect.py
  report: ${SHELL} detect.sh
vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument: &officedocument
  ## MaliciousMacroBot
 workdir: ${API_ROOT}/application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument/
  environ:
   MMB_LOG: /var/log/bro/tmp/
  install:
    - yum install -y git
```

```
- test -d ./MaliciousMacroBot/ ||
       git clone https://github.com/egaus/MaliciousMacroBot.git
     - ${PYTHON36} -m pip install ./MaliciousMacroBot/
      # - rm -rf ./MaliciousMacroBot/
      # - yum erase -y git
      - yum clean -y all
    report: ${PYTHON36} MaliciousMacroBot-detect.py
    shared: officedocument
 msword: *officedocument
 vnd.ms-*: *officedocument
 vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument: *officedocument
 \textbf{vnd.openxmlformats-office} document. \star \colon \star \texttt{office} document
 x-executable:
    ## ELF Parser
   remote: true
    environ:
     # ELF_LOG: /var/log/bro/tmp/
     ELF_LOG: /home/traffic/log/bro/tmp/
     ELF_SCORE: 100
   workdir: ELF-Parser
    install:
      - docker build --tag elfparser:1.4.0 --rm .
     # - yum install -y git cmake make boost-devel gcc gcc-g++
      # - test -d ./elfparser/ ||
        git clone https://github.com/jacob-baines/elfparser.git
      # - ${SHELL} build.sh
      # - rm -rf ./elfparser/
      # # - yum erase -y git cmake make
      # - yum clean -y all
   report: ${SHELL} detect.sh
# APIs for `audio` media type
audio:
# Default API for missing MIME types
example:
 environ:
   ## sleep interval
   VT_INTERVAL: 30
   ## max retry for report
   VT RETRY: 10
   ## percentage of positive threshold
   VT PERCENT: 50
   ## VT API key
    ## path to VT file scan reports
   VT_LOG: /var/log/bro/tmp/
 report: ${PYTHON36} virustotal.py || exit 0 # always EXIT_SUCCESS
# APIs for `font` media type
font:
# APIs for `image` media type
image:
# APIs for `message` media type
message:
```

```
# APIs for `model` media type
model:

# APIs for `multipart` media type
multipart:

# APIs for `text` media type
text:
   html: *lmd
   javascript: *javascript
   x-c: *lmd
   x-perl: *lmd
   x-php: *lmd

# APIs for `video` media type
video:
```

```
## Configuration for API arguments of BroAPT-APP
## Environment (global setup)
## Environment variables `\{\ldots\}` used in API arguments will be translated
## according to the following values.
environment:
 # API root path
 API_ROOT: ${BROAPT_API_ROOT}
 # Pvthon 3.6
 PYTHON: /usr/bin/python3.6
 PYTHON36: /usr/bin/python3.6
 PYTHON3: /usr/bin/python3.6
 # Python 2.7
 PYTHON27: /usr/bin/python
 PYTHON2: /usr/bin/python
 # Shell/Bash
 SHELL: /bin/bash
## Example:
##
## - Root: `/api/`
## - Target:
  - MIME type: `application/pdf`
## - file name: `/dump/application/pdf/test.pdf`
## - API:
   - working directory: `./pdf_analysis`
   - environment: `ENV_FOO=1`, `ENV_BAR=this is an environment variable`
## The configuration section should then be:
##
## application:
## ... # other APIs
## pdf:
##
    remote: false
```

```
workdir: pdf_analysis
##
      environ:
##
       ENV FOO: 1
        ENV_BAR: this is an environment variable
##
##
      install:
##
        - apt-get update
##
         - apt-get install -y python python-pip
##
        - python -m pip install -r requirements.txt
##
        - rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*
##
        - apt-get remove -y --auto-remove python-pip
##
        - apt-get clean
##
      scripts:
##
        - ${PYTHON27} detect.py [...]
                                                       # refer to /usr/bin/python
##
                                                       # and some random command
##
      report: ${PYTHON27} report.py
                                                       # generate final report
##
## BroAPT will work as following:
##
## 1. set the following environment variables
##
     # per target file
##
     - BROAPT_PATH="/dump/application/pdf/test.pdf"
     - BROAPT_MIME="application/pdf"
##
     # per API configuration
##
     - ENV_FOO=1
##
     - ENV_BAR="this is an environment variable"
## 2. change the current working directory to
     `/api/application/pdf/pdf_analysis
## 3. if run for the first time, run the following commands:
##
     - `apt-get update`
     - `apt-get install -y python python-pip`
##
     - `python -m pip install -r requirements.txt`
##
     - `rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*`
##
     - `apt-get remove -y --auto-remove python-pip`
##
     - `apt-get clean`
## 4. run the following mid-stage commands:
##
    - `/usr/bin/python detect.py [...]`
     - `...
##
## 5. generate final report:
##
      `/usr/bin/python report.py`
## NOTE: `report` section is MANDATORY.
##
        If `remote` is `true`, then BroAPT will run the
##
        corresponding API in the host machine.
# APIs for `application` media type
application:
  javascript: &javascript
    ## JaSt
   workdir: ${API_ROOT}/application/javascript/JaSt
   environ:
     JS_LOG: /var/log/bro/tmp/
    install:
     - apt-get update
      - apt-get install -y --no-install-recommends git nodejs
     - test -d ./JaSt/ ||
       git clone https://github.com/Aurore54F/JaSt.git
```

```
- ${PYTHON3} -m pip install
        matplotlib
        plotly
        numpy
        scipy
        scikit-learn
        pandas
    - ${PYTHON3} ./JaSt/clustering/learner.py
        --d ./sample/
        --1 ./lables/
        --md ./models/
        --mn broapt-jast
  scripts:
    - ${PYTHON3} ./JaSt/clustering/classifier.py
        --f ${BROAPT PATH}
        --m ./models/broapt-jast
  report: "false"
octet-stream: &lmd
  ## LMD
  workdir: ${API_ROOT}/application/octet-stream/LMD
  environ:
    LMD_LOG: /var/log/bro/tmp/
  install:
    - apt-get install -y --no-install-recommends git
    - test -d ./linux-malware-detect/ ||
     git clone https://github.com/rfxn/linux-malware-detect.git
    - ${SHELL} install.sh
  report: ${SHELL} detect.sh
vnd.android.package-archive:
  ## AndroPyTool
 remote: true
  workdir: AndroPyTool
  environ:
    # ANDROID_HOME: $HOME/android-sdk-linux
    # PATH: $PATH: $ANDROID HOME/tools
    # PATH: $PATH: $ANDROID_HOME/platform-tools
    # APK_LOG: /var/log/bro/tmp/
   APK_LOG: /home/traffic/log/bro/tmp/
  install:
    # - ${SHELL} install.sh
    - docker pull alexmyg/andropytool
  # report: ${PYTHON36} detect.py
  report: ${SHELL} detect.sh
vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument: &officedocument
  ## MaliciousMacroBot
  workdir: ${API_ROOT}/application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument/
    MMB_LOG: /var/log/bro/tmp/
  install:
    - apt-get install -y --no-install-recommends git
    - test -d ./MaliciousMacroBot/ ||
     git clone https://github.com/egaus/MaliciousMacroBot.git
    - ${PYTHON36} -m pip install ./MaliciousMacroBot/
  report: ${PYTHON36} MaliciousMacroBot-detect.py
  shared: officedocument
msword: *officedocument
vnd.ms-*: *officedocument
```

```
vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument: *officedocument
 vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument.*: *officedocument
 x-executable:
   ## ELF Parser
   remote: false
   environ:
     # ELF_LOG: /var/log/bro/tmp/
     ELF_LOG: /home/traffic/log/bro/tmp/
     ELF_SCORE: 100
   workdir: ELF-Parser
   install:
     - apt-get update
     - apt-get install -y --no-install-recommends \
         cmake \
         g++ \
         gcc \
         git \
         libboost-all-dev \
     - test -d ./elfparser/ ||
       git clone https://github.com/jacob-baines/elfparser.git
     - ${SHELL} build.sh
   report: ${SHELL} detect.sh
# APIs for `audio` media type
audio:
# Default API for missing MIME types
example:
 environ:
   ## sleep interval
   VT_INTERVAL: 30
   ## max retry for report
   VT_RETRY: 10
   ## percentage of positive threshold
   VT_PERCENT: 50
   ## VT API key
   ## path to VT file scan reports
   VT_LOG: /var/log/bro/tmp/
 report: ${PYTHON36} virustotal.py || exit 0 # always EXIT_SUCCESS
# APIs for `font` media type
font:
# APIs for `image` media type
image:
# APIs for `message` media type
message:
# APIs for `model` media type
model:
# APIs for `multipart` media type
multipart:
```

```
# APIs for `text` media type
text:
  html: *lmd
  javascript: *javascript
  x-c: *lmd
  x-perl: *lmd
  x-php: *lmd

# APIs for `video` media type
video:
```

Caution: For bundled implementation, the runtime of *local* APIs are in the CentOS 7 Docker container.

For cluster implementation, the runtime of *local* APIs are in the Ubuntu 16.04 Docker container.

## 4.2.3 Wrapper Scripts

For the Docker container, we have created some Shell/Bash wrapper scripts to make the life a little bit better.

### **Bundled Implementation**

File location source/client/init.sh

As the BroAPT-App framework is already integrated into the source codes, there's no need to another wrapper script to start the BroAPT-App framework. It shall be run directly after the BroAPT-Core framework.

### **Cluster Implementation**

File location cluster/app/source/init.sh

# 4.3 BroAPT-Daemon Server

The BroAPT-Daemon server is the main entry and watchdog for the BroAPT system. For more information about the server, please refer to previous documentation at *BroAPT-App Detection Framework*.

# 4.3.1 Module Entry

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/server/python/\_\_init\_\_.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/daemon/python/\_\_init\_\_.py

This file merely modifies the sys.path so that we can import the Python modules as if from the top level.

# 4.3.2 System Entrypoint

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/server/python/\_\_main\_\_.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/daemon/python/\_\_main\_\_.py

This file wraps the whole system and make the python folder callable as a module where the \_\_main\_\_.py will be considered as the entrypoint.

```
run()
```

Start the Flask application and Docker watchdog.

### 4.3.3 Command Line Interface

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/server/python/cli.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/daemon/python/cli.py

For options and configuration details, please refer to *configuration* documentations.

```
parse_args()
```

Parse command line arguments.

**Returns** Parsed command line arguments.

Return type argparse. Namespace

#### parse\_env()

Parse provided *dotenv* files for the command line argument parser as default values.

Returns Parsed dotenv values.

**Return type** Dict[str, Any]

## 4.3.4 Docker Watchdog

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/server/python/compose.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/daemon/python/compose.py

This module provides a handy way to always keep the underlying BroAPT system in Docker containers running.

```
compose.docker_compose()
```

A context to manager Docker containers. This function will start watch\_container() as a background process.

**Note:** When start, the function will start the Docker containers through <code>start\_container()</code>.

Before exit, the function will toggle the value of *UP\_FLAG* to False and wait for the process to exit. And gracefully stop the Docker containers through *stop\_container()*.

```
compose.watch_container()
```

Supervise the status of Docker containers while the system is running, i.e. UP\_FLAG is True.

**Raises** *ComposeWarning* – If fail to poll status of Docker containers.

```
compose.start_container()
```

Start Docker container using Docker Compose in detached mode.

```
compose.stop_container()
```

Stop Docker container gracefully using Docker Compose, and clean up Docker caches.

Flask exit signal handler. This function is registered as handler for <code>const.KILL\_SIGNAL</code> through <code>register()</code>.

```
compose.register()
```

Register flask\_exit() as signal handler of const.KILL\_SIGNAL.

```
compose.UP_FLAG = multiprocessing.Value('B', True)
    If the BroAPT system is actively running.
exception compose.ComposeWarning
         Bases Warning
    Warn if fail to poll status of Docker containers.
4.3.5 Common Constants
    File location
           • Bundled implementation: source/server/python/const.py
           • Cluster implementation: cluster/daemon/python/const.py
const.KILL_SIGNAL
         Type int
         Environ BROAPT_KILL_SIGNAL
    Daemon kill signal.
const.SERVER_NAME_HOST
         Type str
         Environ BROAPT SERVER HOSTS
    The hostname to listen on.
const.SERVER_NAME_PORT
         Type int
         Environ BROAPT_SERVER_PORT
const.DOCKER_COMPOSE
         Type str
         Environ BROAPT_DOCKER_COMPOSE
    Path to BroAPT's compose file.
const.DUMP_PATH
         Type str
         Environ BROAPT_DUMP_PATH
    Path to extracted files.
const.LOGS_PATH
         Type str
         Environ BROAPT_LOGS_PATH
    Path to log files.
const.API_LOGS
         Type str
```

**Environ** BROAPT\_API\_LOGS

```
Path to API runtime logs.
```

```
const.API_ROOT
```

Type str

Environ BROAPT\_API\_ROOT

Path to detection APIs.

#### const.INTERVAL

Type float

**Environ** BROAPT\_INTERVAL

Sleep interval.

#### const.MAX\_RETRY

Type str

**Environ** BROAPT\_MAX\_RETRY

Command retry.

#### const.EXIT\_SUCCESS = 0

Type int

Exit code upon success.

#### const.EXIT\_FAILURE = 1

Type int

Exit code upon failure.

#### const.FILE

Type str

```
os.path.join(LOGS_PATH, 'dump.log')
```

Path to file system database of processed extracted files.

#### const.FAIL

```
Type \ \mathop{\hbox{\rm str}}
```

```
os.path.join(LOGS_PATH, 'fail.log')
```

Path to file system database of failed processing extracted files.

# 4.3.6 Flask Application

### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/server/python/daemon.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/daemon/python/daemon.py

#### **URL Routing**

```
daemon.root()
    Route /api
    Methods GET
    Display help message __help__.
daemon.help_()
    Route /api/v1.0
    Methods GET
    Display help message HELP_v1_0.
daemon.list_()
    Route /api/v1.0/list
    Methods GET
```

List of detection process information.

0. Information of running processes from RUNNING:

```
"id": "...",
  "initied": null,
  "scanned": true,
  "reported: null,
  "deleted": false
}
```

- 1. Information of finished processes from SCANNED:
  - If the process exited on success:

```
"id": "...",
  "initied": null,
  "scanned": true,
  "reported: true,
  "deleted": false
}
```

• If the process exited on failure:

```
"id": "...",
  "initied": null,
  "scanned": true,
  "reported: false,
  "deleted": false
}
```

```
get_none()
```

```
Route /api/v1.0/report
```

Methods GET

#### Display help message:

```
ID Required: /api/v1.0/report/<id>
```

get (id\_: str)

Route /api/v1.0/report/<id>

Methods GET

Fetch detection status of id\_.

0. If id\_ in RUNNING:

```
"id": "...",
  "initied": null,
  "scanned": false,
  "reported: null,
  "deleted": false
}
```

- 1. If id\_ in SCANNED:
  - If the process exited on success:

```
"id": "...",
   "initied": null,
   "scanned": true,
   "reported: true,
   "deleted": false
}
```

• If the process exited on failure:

```
"id": "...",
   "initied": null,
   "scanned": true,
   "reported: false,
   "deleted": false
}
```

2. If id\_not found, raises 404 Not Found with id\_not\_found().

daemon.scan()

Route /api/v1.0/scan

Methods POST

Perform remote detection on target file.

The POST data should be a JSON object with following fields:

#### **Parameters**

- name (string) path to the extracted file
- mime (string) MIME type
- uuid (string) unique identifier

- report (string | string[]) report generation commands
- **shared** (string) shared detection API identifier
- inited (boolean) API initialised
- workdir (string) working directory
- **environ** (object) environment variables
- install (string | string[]) initialisation commands
- scripts (string | string[]) detection commands

If NO JSON data provided, raises 400 Bad Request with invalid\_info().

After performing detection process.process() on the target file, returns a JSON object containing detection report:

0. If detection exits on success:

```
"id": "...",
  "initied": true,
  "scanned": true,
  "reported: true,
  "deleted": false
}
```

- 1. If detection exists on failure:
  - If detection fails when initialising:

```
"id": "...",
  "initied": false,
  "scanned": true,
  "reported: false,
  "deleted": false
}
```

• If detection fails when processing:

```
"id": "...",
  "initied": true,
  "scanned": true,
  "reported: false,
  "deleted": false
}
```

delete\_none()

```
Route /api/v1.0/delete
```

Methods DELETE

Display help message:

```
ID Required: /api/v1.0/delete/<id>
```

delete(id\_: str)

Route /api/v1.0/delete/<id>

#### Methods DELETE

Delete detection status of id\_.

0. If id\_ in RUNNING:

```
"id": "...",
  "initied": null,
  "scanned": false,
  "reported: null,
  "deleted": true
}
```

- 1. If id\_ in SCANNED:
  - If the process exited on success:

```
"id": "...",
  "initied": null,
  "scanned": true,
  "reported: true,
  "deleted": true
}
```

• If the process exited on failure:

```
"id": "...",
   "initied": null,
   "scanned": true,
   "reported: false,
   "deleted": true
}
```

2. If id\_ not found:

```
"id": "...",
  "initied": null,
  "scanned": null,
  "reported: null,
  "deleted": true
}
```

#### **Error Handlers**

daemon.invalid\_id(error: Exception)

Handler of ValueError.

```
{
  "status": 400,
  "error": "...",
  "message": "invalid ID format"
}
```

```
daemon.invalid_info(error: Exception)
```

Handler of 400 Bad Request and KeyError.

```
{
  "status": 400,
  "error": "...",
  "message": "invalid info format"
}
```

```
daemon.id_not_found(error: Exception)
```

Handler of 404 Not Found.

```
{
    "status": 404,
    "error": "...",
    "message": "ID not found"
}
```

#### **Dataclasses**

#### class daemon. INFO

A dataclass for requested detection API information.

name: str

Path to the extracted file.

uuid: str

Unique identifier of current process.

mime: str
 MIME type.

report: str

Report generation command.

inited: manager.Value

Initied flag.

locked: multiprocessing.Lock

Multiprocessing runtime lock.

workdir: str

API working directory.

environ: Dict[str, Any]

API runtime environment variables.

install: List[Union[str, List[str]]]

List of installation commands.

scripts: List[Union[str, List[str]]]

List of detection commands.

#### **Constants**

```
daemon.app = flask.Flask(__name__)
    Flask application.
daemon.HELP_v1_0: str
    BroAPT Daemon APIv1.0 Usage:
    - GET
             /api/v1.0/list
    - GET
             /api/v1.0/report/<id>
    - POST /api/v1.0/scan data={"key": "value"}
     - DELETE /api/v1.0/delete/<id>
daemon.__help__: str
    BroAPT Daemon API Usage:
    # v1.0
    - GET
             /api/v1.0/list
    - GET
             /api/v1.0/report/<id>
    - POST /api/v1.0/scan data={"key": "value"}
     - DELETE /api/v1.0/delete/<id>
daemon.manager = multiprocessing.Manager()
    Multiprocessing manager instanace.
daemon.RUNNING = manager.list()
         Type List[uuid.UUID]
    List of running detection processes.
daemon.SCANNED = manager.dict()
         Type Dict[uuid.UUID, bool]
    Record of finished detection processes and exit on success.
daemon.APILOCK = manager.dict()
         Type Dict[str, multiprocessing.Lock]
    Record of API multiprocessing locks.
daemon.APIINIT = manager.dict()
         Type Dict[str, multiprocessing.Value]
    Record of API initialised flags.
```

### 4.3.7 Detection Process

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/server/python/process.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/daemon/python/process.py

```
process.process(info: INFO)
```

Process extracted files with detection information.

**Parameters** info (INFO) – File to be processed.

**Returns** If detection process exit on success.

Return type bool

```
process.make_env(info: INFO)
```

Generate a dictionary of environment variables based on request information.

**Parameters** info (INFO) – Detection request information.

**Return type** Dict[str, Any]

```
process.make_cwd(info: INFO)
```

Generate the working directory of detection information.

**Parameters** info (INFO) – Detection request information.

**Returns** Path to the working directory.

Return type str

```
process.init(info: INFO)
```

Run the initialisation commands of detection information.

**Parameters** info (INFO) – Detection request information.

Returns Exit code (const.EXIT\_SUCCESS or const.EXIT\_FAILURE).

Return type int

process.run (command: Union[str, List[str]], info: INFO, file: str = 'unknown')
Run command with provided settings.

#### **Parameters**

- command (Union[str, List[str]]) Command to execute.
- info (INFO) Detection request information.
- **file** (str) Stem of output log file.

Returns Exit code (const.EXIT\_SUCCESS or const.EXIT\_FAILURE).

Return type int

### 4.3.8 Auxiliaries & Utilities

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/server/python/util.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/daemon/python/util.py

#### @utils.suppress

A decorator that suppresses all exceptions.

```
utils.file_lock(file: str)
```

A context lock for file modification with a file system lock.

**Parameters file** (str) – Filename to be locked in the context.

```
utils.print_file(s: Any, file: str)
```

Wrapper function to *process*-safely print s into file.

#### **Parameters**

- **s** (*str*) Content to be printed.
- **file** (*str*) Filename of output stream.

```
utils.temp_env(env: Dict[str, Any])
```

A context for temporarily change the current os.environ.

**Parameters env** (Dict[str, Any]) – Environment variables.

For deployment issues, please refer to *quickstart*.

# 4.4 Miscellaneous & Auxiliary

### 4.4.1 MIME-Extension Mappings

## **Generate Mappings**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/utils/mime2ext.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/utils/mime2ext.py

**Note:** This script support all version since Python 2.7.

#### BROAPT\_FORCE\_UPDATE

Type bool

Default False

Set the environment variable to True if you wish to update existing mappings; otherwise, it will only add mappings of new MIME types.

The script fetch the MIME types from IANA registries and try to automatically match them with the file extensions through mimetypes database. It will then dump the mappings to corresponding file-extensions.bro as discussed in the *documentation*.

Should there be an unknown MIME type, it will prompt for user to type in the corresponding file extensions.

#### **Fix Missing Mappings**

#### File location

- Bundled implementation: source/utils/fix-missing.py
- Cluster implementation: cluster/utils/fix-missing.py

**Note:** This script support all version since Python 2.7.

#### BROAPT\_LOGS\_PATH

Type str (path)

Default /var/log/bro/

Path to system logs.

In the BroAPT system, when encountering a MIME type not present in the file-extensions.bro database, it will record such MIME type into a log file under the log path <code>const.LOGS\_PATH</code>, named <code>processed\_mime.log</code>.

The script will read the log file and try to update the file-extensions.bro database with these found-missing MIME types.

### 4.4.2 Bro Script Composers

# **HTTP Method Registry**

File location source/utils/http-methods.py

**Note:** This script support all version since Python 2.7.

As discussed in *BroAPT-Core Extration Framework*, we have introduced full HTTP methods registry to the BroAPT system in Bro script sites/const/http-methods.bro.

The script will read the IANA registries and update the builtin HTTP::http\_methods with the fetched data.

#### **HTTP Message Headers**

File location source/utils/http-header-names.py

**Note:** This script support all version since Python 2.7.

As discussed in *BroAPT-Core Extration Framework*, we have introduced full HTTP message header registry to the BroAPT system in Bro script sites/const/http-header-names.bro.

The script will read the IANA registries and update the builtin HTTP::header\_names with the fetched data.

#### **FTP Commands & Extensions**

File location source/utils/ftp-commands.py

**Note:** This script support all version since Python 2.7.

As discussed in *BroAPT-Core Extration Framework*, we have introduced full FTP commands ands extensions registry to the BroAPT system in Bro script sites/const/ftp-commands.bro.

The script will read the IANA registries and update the builtin FTP::logged\_commands with the fetched data.

# 4.5 System Runtime

The whole BroAPT folder in the Docker container (of bundled implementation) at runtime would be like:

```
# project root
/broapt/
    # entrypoint wrapper script
   · init.sh
   # Python source codes
   python
        # setup PYTHONPATH
         _init__.py
        # entry point
       __main__.py
        # config parser
       - cfgparser.py
        # Bro script composer
       - compose.py
        # global constants
       - const.py
        # Bro log parser
       - logparser.py
        # BroAPT-Core logic
       process.py
        # multiprocessing support
        remote.py
        # BroAPT-App logic
       scan.py
        # Python hooks
       - sites
            # register hooks
           - ___init___.py
        # utility functions
      - utils.py
    # Bro source scripts
   scripts
        # load FileExtraction module
         _load__.bro
        # configurations
       config.bro
        # MIME-extension mappings
      - file-extensions.bro
```

```
# protocol hooks
 hooks/
     # extract DTLS
    extract-dtls.bro
     # extract FTP_DATA
    extract-ftp.bro
     # extract HTTP
    - extract-http.bro
     # extract IRC_DATA
    - extract-irc.bro
     # extract SMTP
    extract-smtp.bro
 # core logic
main.bro
 # MIME hooks
- plugins/
     # extract all files
    - extract-all-files.bro
     # extract by BRO_MIME
    extract-white-list.bro
     # generated scripts by BRO_MIME
    - . . .
 # site functions by user
 sites/
     # load site functions
     __load__.bro
```

where /broapt/python/sites is the path for custom Python hooks and /broapt/scripts/sites/ is the path for custom Bro scripts.

And most importantly, the very entrypoint for the whole BroAPT system is as following:

- 0. The script will first change the current working directory to the root path /broapt/.
- 1. If there is a .env *dotenv* file for environment variables configuration, it will be loaded and saved into current runtime scope (set -a).

- 2. Generate Bro scripts based on environment variables.
- 3. Start the main application, i.e. BroAPT-Core and BroAPT-App frameworks.

# 4.6 Developer Notes

Since the BroAPT system was not intended for packaging and distribution, we didn't provide a setup.py to wrap everything as a broapt module. However, in a quite *hacky* way, we injected the sys.path import path, so that we can directly import the files as if they're at top levels.

As you can see in the /broapt/python/sites/\_\_init\_\_.py, i.e. the *module* entry of Python hooks is as following:

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
# pylint: disable=all
# site customisation
import os
import sys
sys.path.insert(0, os.path.dirname(os.path.realpath(__file__)))
sys.path.insert(0, os.path.dirname(os.path.dirname(os.path.realpath(__file__))))
from extracted_files import generate_log as info_log
from http_parser import generate as http_log, close as http_log_exit
# log analysis hook list
HOOK = [
  http_log,
  info_log,
# exit hooks
EXIT = [
  http_log_exit,
```

where extracted\_files refers to /broapt/python/sites/extracted\_files.py and http\_parser refers to /broapt/python/sites/http\_parser.py.

You may have noticed the lines in *site customisation* modified the sys.path import path so that we don't need to worry about importing stuff from the BroAPT Python source codes.

If you wish to use auxiliary functions and module constants from the main application, then you can still import them as if from the top level:

```
# path to logs from module constants
from const import LOGS_PATH
# Bro log parsing utilities
from logparser import parse
# auxiliary functions for BroAPT
from utils import is_nan, print_file
```

Cybersecurity has long been a significant subject under discussion. With rapid evolution of new cyber attack methods, the threat of Internet is becoming more and more intense. Advanced persistent threat (APT) has become a main source

of cybersecurity events. It is now even more important to identify and classify network traffic by direct analysis on the traffic itself in an accurate and timely manner.

We hereby describe BroAPT system, an APT detection system based on Bro IDS (old name at time of implementation, now known as Zeek IDS). The system monitors APT based on comprehensive analysis of the network traffic. It is granted with high performance and extensibility. It can reassemble then extract files transmitted in the traffic, analyse and generate log files in real-time; it can also classify extracted files through targeted malicious file detection configuration; and it detects APT attacks based on analysis of the log files generated by the system itself.

The BroAPT system consists of two major parts. One is the core functions. This part runs in a Docker container, which currently is based on CentOS 7 image. The core functions can be described by two different components: an extraction framework BroAPT-Core and a detection framework BroAPT-App. The other is the command line interface (CLI) and a daemon server BroAPT-Daemon, which is a RESTful API server based on Flask framework. This part runs on the host machine of the Docker container.

CLI is the entrypoint for the whole BroAPT system. When running, the CLI configures the daemon server and bring it up, then start the Docker container with core functions. Within BroAPT-Core extraction framework, it will read in a PCAP file and process it with Bro IDS, which will reassemble then extract files transmitted by the traffic and generate log files from its logging system. Afterwards, BroAPT-App detection framework will take the extracted file, parse it's file name to extract MIME type information of this file. Then the framework will fetch specific detection API of such MIME type and process it to detect if the file is malicious. If needed, the framework will generate a request to BroAPT-Daemon server to process a remote (privileged) detection on such file.

Of BroAPT-Core extraction framework, it mainly has three steps. First, file check. The system will scan for new PCAP files and send them to the BroAPT-Core extraction framework. Second, Bro analysis. The system will process the PCAP with file extraction scripts, reassemble then extract files transmitted through the traffic. The extraction can be grouped by MIME type of files or application layer protocol which transmitted the file. Also, the user may load external Bro scripts as site functions to process along with the main extraction scripts. Third, post-processing and cross-analysis. After processing the PCAP file with Bro IDS, the system will have several extracted files and a bunch of log files. Besides those standard Bro logs, there will be logs defined by the site functions and generated by the logging system of Bro IDS. Then the system, by default, will generate connection information of the extracted files through Bro logs, which includes timestamp, source and destination, MIME type, as well as hash values. Plus, the user may also register Python hooks to the system, as they will be called every time a PCAP is processed. These hooks can to used to provide further investigation upon the logs generated by Bro IDS.

To work along with Bro intrusion detection system (IDS), the system is implemented in a multi-processing manner. Since CPython's multi-threading is not working as expected – cannot perform parallel processing – we implemented BroAPT system with full support of multi-processing to accelerate the main processing logic. Synchronised queues are used to communicate and coordinate processes within the system: in BroAPT-Core extraction framework, we used a queue to send basic information about the extracted files to BroAPT-App detection framework, and another queue to procede Python hooks with the generated log files.

Currently, we have introduced several site functions and Python hooks to BroAPT system. There are six bunches of Bro scripts. Constant definitions for common application layer protocols, such as HTTP and FTP, these constants are fetched from IANA registry. Extend standard Bro log http.log with new entry of COOKIE information and data in POST request. Calculate hash values of all files transmitted through network traffic. And two Bro modules to perform phishing emails based on cross-analysis of SMTP and HTTP traffic. The Python hook function currently included is to parse http.log then extract information of HTTP connections and generate a new log file.

As for BroAPT-App detection framework, we genetically designed the client-server remote detection framework based on the support of BroAPT-Daemon server. Briefly, the BroAPT-App detection framework will take the extracted files as input source. The system will perform file check to extract information from it. These information includes path to the file, MIME type and unique identifier (UID) of such file, etc. Then the system will parse an API configuration file to obtain a mapping of MIME type specific malicious file detection APIs. Based on the MIME type we had from the file, the system will perform APT detection with the selected API. When detection, the system will firstly prepare the working environment according to the API configuration: it will assign environment variables, change working directory accordingly, expand variables defined in scripts then execute installations scripts. Afterwards, the system

will execute detection scripts, then report generation script to generate detection results for the target file. If a remote detection is required, the system will prepare the request data, then post it to the BroAPT-Daemon server running on the host machine. The BroAPT-Daemon server will process the detection ibid.

Speaking of installation, we introduced several attributes to manage and avoid resource competition. We used a shared memory space to indicate whether such API has been proceded with installation. This indicator will avoid reinstallation of APIs. It is shared with all MIME type specific APIs that sharing the same detection process, not just processes using the same API. Additionally, we have a synchronised process lock to prevent parallel installation for the same APIs. However, considering the APIs might fail due to network connection issue, we will try to rerun the script if it fails.

We have by far introduced, six different APIs targeted for dozens of MIME types. We used VirusTotal as the basic general detection method for BroAPT, which will detect any MIME types that have no registered API; Virus-Total aggregates many antivirus products and online scan engines to check for ciruses that the user's own antivirus may have missed, or to verify against any false positives. We used AndroPyTool to detect APK files (MIME type: application/vnd.android.package-archive); AndroPyTool is a tool for extracting statis and dynamic features from Android APKs, which combines different well-known Android application analysis tools such as DroidBox, FlowDroid, Strace, AndroGuard or VirusTotal analysis. We used MaliciousMacroBot to detect Office documents (MIME type: application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument, or application/msword, application/vnd.ms-excel, application/vnd.ms-powerpoint, etc.); MaliciousMacroBot provides a powerful malicious file triage tool through clever feature engineering and applied machine learning techniques like Random Forest and TF-IDF. We used ELF Parser to detect Linux ELF binaries (MIME type: application/x-executable); ELF Parser is a static ELF analysis tool to quickly determine the capabilities of an ELF binary through statis analysis. We used LMD to detect other common Linux exploitable files (MIME type: application/octet-stream, text/html, text/x-c, text/x-perl, text/x-php, etc.); LMD is a malware scanner for Linux systems based on threat data from network edge intrusion detection systems to extract malware that is actively being used in attacks and generates signatures for detection. And we used JaSt to detect JavaScript files (MIME type: application/javascript or text/javascript); JaSt is a tool to syntactically detect malicious (obfuscated) JavaScript files based on machine learning and clustering algorithms.

As described above, BroAPT is an APT detection system based on Bro IDS with high extensibility and compatibility with high-speed traffic. We tested BroAPT system with real-time traffic collected from the network edge of a college. The system will extract all targeted files from an approximately 35G PCAP file within one minute. And the Bro site functions introduced within BroAPT-Core extraction framework has no significant impact on performance of the system, whilst the Python hook functions will smoothly work along and generate new log files as it intended to. Also, the detection APIs we used in BroAPT-App detection system has proved that they are working perfectly with reasonable false-positive rates. In a word, the BroAPT system is working as expected in the real network environment.

However, besides the implementation above, we have tried several other implementations during the project. We used pure Python scripts based on PyPCAPKit (a multi-engine PCAP file analysis tool) with support of DPKT to reassemble and extract files transmitted through the traffic, but the process efficiency was not quite good. Not to mension hybrid implementation with Bro scripts logging TCP traffic data and Python or C/C++ programs to reassembly then extract the traffic, and the miserable pure Bro implementation of TCP reassembly. At last, File Analysis framework of Bro IDS proved its worthiness to the BroAPT system. And thus we adopted the current implementation.

Although our research on APT detection is quite preceding, the BroAPT system utilised Bro IDS and works as an APT detection system which is compatible with high-speed network traffic. The system has been proved in practical scenarios, and is the basis of follow-up researches on APT detection.

For more information, please refer to the Graduation Thesis of BroAPT (in Chinese).

#### **CHAPTER**

# **FIVE**

# **LISCENSING**

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